

The Hongkong Telegraph

(ESTABLISHED 1851.)

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November 30 1915, Temperature 6 a.m. 60 2 p.m. 68
Humidity 46 34

November 30 1914, Temperature 6 a.m. 64 2 p.m. 66
Humidity 61 70

WEATHER FORECAST
FINE
Barometer 30.20

3085 日四廿月十年卯乙

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1915.

二拜禮 號十三月一十英港香 SINGLE COPY 10 CENTS.
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TO-DAY'S LATEST WAR TELEGRAMS.

MONASTIR IN A PRECARIOUS PLIGHT.

DETERMINATION TO DEFEND THE TOWN TO THE LAST.

Some Features of the Serbians Retreat.

ALLIES DOING WELL IN THE CAMEROONS.

[Reuter's Service to the "Telegraph."]

EARL KITCHENER,

LEAVES TURIN FOR PARIS.

November 29, 1.00 p.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Turin states that Earl Kitchener has left for Paris.

THE FIGHTING IN THE BALKANS.

MONASTIR IN DIRE PLIGHT.

November 29, 1.00 p.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Salonica states that the situation at Monastir is precarious.
The civil authorities have left the town, but Colonel Vassitch is firmly resolved to defend the town to the last.

THE RETREAT.

A telegram from Athens states that Colonel Vassitch telegraphs from Prizrend to the Serbian Minister to the effect that he is leaving for Soutari. He says the Serbians are defending the roads from the Kosovo Plain towards Prizrend, while thousands of refugees on the Kosovo Plain have had to be abandoned to the mercy of the invaders.

A retreat towards Soutari and Durazzo has been decided upon. The vanguard has already entered Albania at Ljumbule.

What armament cannot be transported will be destroyed. Colonel Vassitch adds:—"The enemy has five times more forces than mine. I will defend Monastir till to-morrow."

Colonel Vassitch will retreat to Resna and from thence to Elbasan in Albania.

THE REICHSTAG.

November 29, 1.00 p.m.
The Reichstag meets on Tuesday.

TO-DAY'S LATEST WAR TELEGRAMS.

THE CAMEROONS.

PLIGHT OF GERMAN FORCES.

November 29, 2.50 p.m.
The Press Bureau states that the Franco-British forces under Col. Dobell are gradually drawing a ring round the Germans in the Cameroons.

The Allies have inflicted heavy losses on the enemy, whose centre of resistance is the high ground around Jaunde, while the Germans in the North Cameroons are now beaten and broken up into small parties which Brigadier General Canlife is pursuing.

THE ALLIES IN THE WEST.

ENEMY BATTERY DESTROYED.

(Havas Telegram.)

November 28.
Yesterday, northward of St. Mihiel, we destroyed an enemy battery and dispersed a fort detachment.

To-day the enemy, having exploded a mine in front of our works, threw forward an attack with a company, but was unable to attain our trenches.

Our aircraft threw shells of three and a half inches on Noyon railway station and forced two captive balloons to descend.

In Pont-a-Mousson district, an enemy aircraft was brought down.

The death is announced of M. Sarriat, an ex-President of Council.

In the event of telegrams arriving too late for insertion on this page they will be found on the Extra].

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

THE CANADIAN WHEAT ORDER.

A SENSATION CREATED.

November 29, 4.00 a.m.
A message from Fort William, Ontario, states that it is understood that the order commandeering wheat extends over the whole Dominion, the effect being that Canadian wheat can only be shipped in such vessels in Canadian ports as are consigned to the Dominion Government.

The news has created a sensation in Winnipeg where there is a general opinion that the order will prevent shipments into the United States. But the situation is as yet obscure as the Government's plans regarding prices and disposition of the wheat are not known.

GREECE AND THE BALKANS.

A DELAYED REPLY.

November 29, 6.10 a.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Athens states that the Government has not yet replied to the Allies' Note, pending the elucidation of certain points of the demands formulated in Friday's Note. The Government will discuss the proposals in the same spirit as inspired the reply to the previous Note. Greece is disposed to satisfy in principle any demand not constituting a flagrant violation of her neutrality or prejudicing her sovereign rights.

November 29, 1.10 p.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Athens states that it is reported that the Greek reply to the second note was presented last night to the Executive Ministers.

WAR TELEGRAMS.

THE FIGHTING IN THE BALKANS.

MONTENEGRO'S VALIANT ATTITUDE.

November 29, 4.00 a.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Paris states that "Death before slavery" is the keynote of a spirited proclamation from the old King of Montenegro to his people. He says:—"The Serbian army has been obliged to withdraw to the mountains of Montenegro where the forces of the two Serbian Kingdoms will valiantly resist to the death their common enemies." He mentions that the Allies promise supplies for the population and the army and the latter will not spare its blood. "They will fight from mountain to mountain around the King with an ardour inspired by confidence in ultimate victory."

THE ITALIANS.

SUCCESSFUL ATTACKS.

November 29, 7.35 p.m.
A Rome communique states that the attacks on the heights north-west of Goritz have been successfully continued. The Italians captured strong hostile trenches and began the descent of the Isone watershed where they took 115 prisoners. In the neighbourhood of Oslavia, after a fierce struggle, the Italians conquered a hill, taking 281 prisoners. On the rest of the front they made some progress.

THE RUSSIANS.

THE TSAR'S TACT WITH SOCIALISTS.

November 29, 4.00 a.m.
A telegram from Petrograd states that the Tsar has visited one of the largest munition works which is known to be a hotbed of Socialism. He effected a remarkable change in the attitude of the men both towards the war and the making of munitions by the freedom and simplicity with which he talked to them.

FOLLOWERS OF SUN YAT SEN.

Chinese Refugees in Manila.

The Manila Bulletin of November 24 has the following:—

Declaring that they have come to the Philippine Islands to study political, educational and social conditions, two prominent citizens of the Chinese republic—one an ex-admiral and the other a former governor of Kwangtung province—arrived on Friday on the Tenyo Maru but were promptly detained by the customs official pending an examination relative to their right to land on this soil.

These two Chinese gentlemen, both of whom are in appearance distinctively of the educated class, and whose names are Hu Chan-ien and Soon Shing, sailed on the Tenyo Maru from Yokohama, in which city it is claimed, they have been conducting a newspaper. They are reported to be ardent followers of the deposed Sun Yat-sen, and not, accordingly, regarded with favour by the henchmen of the Yuan Shi-kai regime. Seeking a more congenial environment, they migrated to Japan and engaged in the newspaper field.

Upon their arrival at this port they lacked the necessary papers required by the customs officials under the Chinese Exclusion Act, and were taken before the board of special inquiry at the custom house. Their cases were heard by the board yesterday morning, and the adverse decision of the board was sustained by the Collector of Customs. The immigrants were granted writs of habeas corpus by the Court of First Instance yesterday afternoon, and the two Chinese travellers were set at liberty on depositing a cash bond of \$50 each. The case has been set for hearing next Friday morning.

GERMAN WOMAN TO BE REPATRIATED.

Allegations Against a Duke.

At Westminster on October 7 Lucy Hottritz, aged 51, a German woman, who is alleged to have attempted to poison herself with veronal, was again remanded.

At the house in Cambridge-street, Fimlico, where the prisoner was found was a letter to the Duke of Buccleuch.

After treatment prisoner declared that she would not be repatriated, and said: "I sailed at Montagu House last week, and they told me that the Duke was in Scotland. The late Duke of Buccleuch kept me independent for three years. He died on November 5. He promised me £2,000, but he left me nothing."

Later, when charged, she replied: "I don't want to go back to Germany. I have been here 27 years and have a freehold in Esher Park. The last Duke allowed me £4,000 a year."

Mr. Chester Jones, the magistrate, asked if an order for repatriation had been made by the Home Secretary.

Det-Sergeant Parkiss: Yes; this is the first order against her. She had an extension of 48 hours in order to allow her to get her things together. We wish for a remand to make the necessary arrangements.

The Magistrate: How long has she been in this country?

Twenty-seven years.

She will be remanded for a week dock a solicitor asked the magistrate to allow him to serve her with a writ for civil proceedings on behalf of certain creditors. If she was to be repatriated he would like to point out that she owed a considerable sum of money in this country.

The Magistrate replied that the application would have to be made to the Home Secretary. He did not believe in using the police-court as a trap.

TELEGRAMS.

NEWS FOR BUSY M.

CONDENSED.

The Reichstag meets to-day.

Earl Kitchener has left Turin for Paris.

The Greek Reply to the second Allies' Note has been presented.

The Serbian vanguard in its retreat has already entered Albania.

The Italians are still making good progress, several captures of prisoners being reported.

The Tsar has visited one of the largest Russian munition works, which is known to be a hotbed of Socialism.

Thousands of refugees have had to be abandoned on the Kosovo Plain to the mercy of the invaders.

"Death before Slavery" is the keynote of a spirited Proclamation by the aged King of Montenegro to his people.

The situation at Monastir precarious, but Colonel Vassitch is firmly resolved to defend the town to the last.

In the North Cameroons, the Germans are now beaten and broken up into small parties, which are being pursued.

The Franco-British forces are gradually drawing a ring round the Germans in the Cameroons, and have already inflicted heavy losses on the enemy.

A British subject named Goldman, of Austrian birth, has been sentenced in Shanghai to three months' imprisonment and fined \$20 for trading with the enemy.

DON'T FORGET.

TODAY.

Bijou Theatre—9.15 p.m.
Victoria Theatre—9.15 p.m.
Theatre Royal—St. Andrew's Society Concert.

TO-MORROW.

Bijou Theatre—9.15 p.m.
Victoria Theatre—9.15 p.m.
Auction of Jewellery, etc., Mr. G. P. Lamart—2.30 p.m.
Auction of Pearls, Haggas and Hough—Noon.

Thursday, December 2.

Auction of Valuable Leasehold Property at Sales Room, by Mr. Geo. P. Lamart—3 p.m.

Friday, December 3.

The China Fire Insurance Co., Ltd., Extraordinary General Meeting—Noon.

Saturday, December 4.

Union Insurance Society of Canton, Ltd., Extraordinary General Meeting—Noon.

China Traders' Insurance Co., Ltd., Extraordinary General Meeting—12.15 p.m.

Monday, December 6.

Council Chamber—Licensing Board meeting—2.30 p.m.

NOTICES

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Value, No Medical Examination, Return of Premium in the Event of
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MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA.
Kong, June 11th, 1913.

ASTHMA CAN Be Cured.

THEN why be half suffocated,
and sit up all night cough-
ing and gasping for breath when
a SINGLE dose of

NOBBS' ASTHMA CURE

will give you certain, prompt
relief and ensure a good night's
rest? This, the only genuine cure
for Asthma, discovered by Mr.
NOBBS, a qualified Chemist, and
a sufferer for many years, will, if
taken when necessary, effect a
radical cure of this erstwhile in-
curable malady.
Obtainable at Messrs. A. S.
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Chemists and Patent Medicine
Vendors.
Price \$2.50 per bottle.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

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In Casks of 375 lbs. net.
In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.
General Managers.
Kongkong, 16th August, 1910

LESSONS IN CHINESE

MR. LI HON FAN, a Chinese
graduate versed in litera-
ture, has been a teacher to Eu-
ropean officials and merchants in
this Colony for over ten years.
He has a good method of train-
ing Europeans to pass in the
Chinese examination, and is pos-
sessed of a first rate certificate
as a Chinese teacher. He has also
a good knowledge of Mandarin
and Hakka.

Those who intend learning the
Chinese language are requested
to write to "Hongkong Tele-
graph" office or direct to No. 160,
Wellington Street, second floor.

Hongkong, 29th Jan., 1912.

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Hongkong, 3rd October, 1915

HOTELS

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Hongkong, July 14, 1914.

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Manager.

GRAND HOTEL.

A first-class and up-to-date Hotel, most central location, within
the vicinity of all the principal Banks.

Noted for the best Food, Refreshments, Accommodation and
Cleanliness. Cuisine under European Supervision.

A first-class string Orchestra renders selections from 5.30 p.m.
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Special monthly terms for residents and for shipping people.

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Manager.

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Those desiring Economy combined with Comfort, Quiet and a Most
Refined Home, Free from Household Annoyances, should inspect
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Luxuriously furnished Lounge, Drawing, Reading & Writing
Rooms.

Under Personal Management of

O. E. OWEN, Proprietor.

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OPPOSITE ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL.

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out. They are specially recommended to Mercantile Officers, Tourists
Travellers and Local Residents, being most centrally situated. Special Terms
can be arranged with the Alexandra Cafe for full or partial Board.
Single Rooms from \$2.00 per day or \$40.00 per month with attendance. Hot
and Cold Water, Electric Light, &c. No Extras.
Inspection cordially invited: full particulars may be obtained either
premises or

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proprietorship and management. The Hotel now offers, for
Residents and Tourists, excellent accommodation. Large dining
room facing the sea. It has been entirely renovated throughout
and newly furnished, and is now up-to-date in every respect. Large
and airy rooms, excellent sanitary arrangements, Hot and Cold
Baths, electric light and fans. Private and Public Bar and
Billiards. Terms Moderate. For further information apply to
Tel. Add. "Phoenix."

THE MANAGER.

PEAK HOTEL.

1,400 FEET ABOVE SEA LEVEL.

FIFTEEN MINUTES FROM PRINCIPAL LANDING STAGE

FIRST-CLASS RESIDENTIAL and TOURIST HOTEL,
Unrivalled for Comfort, Health and Convenience. Telephones in
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Moderate Tariff and Excellent Cuisine, Roof Garden and Social
Rooms. European Runner meets Steamers.

P. O. PEUSTER, Manager

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PUBLIC BILLIARD BAR WITH FIRST CLASS TABLE.
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MARTIN'S MIXTURE.

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THE JUNGNER ELECTRIC ACCUMULATOR.

Strong, solid and compact. Iron and Nickel
Electrodes with caustic potash in strong iron box.
Minimum use of materials. May be charged a
thousand times without lowering its efficiency;
may be charged and discharged in minimum time
and to its full extent without injury. May be
kept unloaded for any length of time and is ab-
solutely safe from self-discharging when left even
a longer time loaded and out of use. Salt water
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An ideal accumulator for any kind of lighting or ignition device.

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HAS JUST ARRIVED.

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RHYMES WITHOUT REASON by R. P. THURSDIE, D. 75 cents.		GUY AND PAULINE, by COMPTON MACKENZIE \$1.75	
MY JAPANESE YEAR, T. H. Sanders, 8.50		THE RESEARCH MAGNIFICENT H. G. Wells, 1.75	
TALES FROM OLD JAPANESE DRAWINGS, A. Miyamoto, 6.00		THE EXTRA DAY, Algernon Blackwood, 1.75	
THROUGH THE CHINESE REVO- LUTION, Paul B. Farjoni, 6.00		SECRET HISTORY, C. N. and A. M. Williamson, 1.75	
THE INDEX OF SHIP-PIRO AND OTHER HIMALAYAN STUDIES, L. L. L. B. Randall, 8.50		THE SIGN OF SILENCE, Wm. Le Quest, 1.75	
RECOLLECTIONS & REFLEC- TIONS OF A RAMBLER, Al- fred Cooper, 8.50		MR. ORIX OF MONTE CARLO, E. P. O'Connell, 2.75	
MY RUSSIAN YEAR, A. Reynolds, 8.00		THE ODD VOLUME, Brooke's AIDS TO TROPICAL MEDICINE, 2.75	
THE STORIES OF WAGNER'S OPERAS, J. W. McShadden, 6.00		TAIT AND KRANSE'S AIDS TO PHYSIOLOGY - PRACTICAL FITZ WILLIAMS' PRACTICAL MANUAL OF BANDAGING, ABBOTT'S COMMERCIAL THEORY AND PRACTICE, 2.75	
CHILD TRAINING, V. M. Hillyer, 4.00		MORGAN'S ORES, METALS AND FUELS, 2.40	
SMITH'S BOOK OF VERSE FOR BOYS AND GIRLS, 2.75		WEATHERHEAD'S STARPOCKET BOOK, 80	
PEEPS AT POSTAGE STAMPS, Johansen, 1.20		POPPLEWELL'S ELEMENTS OF SURVEYING AND GEODESY, CHAPPELL'S FIVE-FIGURE MA- THEMATICAL TABLES, 4.00	
WHAT IS CHRISTIAN SCIENCE, Willis, 2.75		BROWN'S NAUTICAL ALM, 1916, 4.00	
A COMMON STORY, Goncharov, 1.50			
VAGHELL'S DREAMS, A Comedy in four Acts, 2.00			
SENS DE LA MORT, par Paul Bourget, 2.00			
THE ORIENT PEARLS (INDIAN MILK-LORD), S. Dev, 2.00			
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OUR CONTEMPORARIES.

South China Morning Post.

Getting A Perspective.
Peace hath her horrors no less
renowned than war. The crash
of credit, the fall of honourable
European houses, the solidity of
civilisation itself are threatened.
Hans and Nicholas face each other
along one border and Jacob and
Francois finger the products of
Krupp and Creusot as they eye
each other across another. While
out in the Baltic looms the Bri-
tish fleet, wondering Austrian
peasant without malice ploughs
through the passes of the Serbian
mountains, seeking to kill the grim
veterans who recently drove the
Turk headlong out of the trench-
ments around Adrianople. While
those who sit in high places
manipulate the pawns and play a
game with death, while statesmen
disown gravity, vantage which
would accrue from chaos,
our views of the littleness and
bigness of things take on a juster
perspective.

Daily Press.

Scotland for Ever.
The last day of November is
consecrated to the memory of St.
Andrew, who, as the guardian of
the loaves and fishes, has been
chosen by Scotsmen for their
patron saint. In all parts of the
world his devotees meet together
on this day each year in the spirit
of brotherhood and observe those
convivial rites and ceremonies
which time-honoured cus-
tom has associated with his
name. Upon the altar of friend-
ship they pour out those liba-
tions of usquebaugh, which, un-
der a less formidable name, is not
unknown to Southerners, and offer
up other oblations with weird and
wonderful nomenclature to the
accompaniment of awe-inspiring
strains upon the bagpipes. Amid
these festivities their thoughts
inevitably fly back across the seas
to "Caledonia stern and wild,"
which the Scotsman loves—and
leaves, in the majority of cases,
for lands less picturesque but
more profitable.

China Mail.

British Trade in China.
Beutler's brief summary of the
address delivered by Mr. Perry-
Ainscough to the Far Eastern
section of the London Chamber
of Commerce makes it abun-
dantly clear that the address in
toto will be very well worthy of
the serious consideration of all in-
terested in British trade in China,
when, in the course of time, we in
this part of the world have an
opportunity of reading it. Mr.
Perry-Ainscough, who is well-
known in the Far East as col-
laborator in a book entitled "China
and the Mongols" and because of
his long connection with the
Chinese Maritime Customs—the
Postal Department chiefly—is
very well qualified to speak on
the subject dealt with, particu-
larly after having undertaken a
mission of investigation in the
interior of China on behalf of the
Board of Trade.

Moslem Education Conference,
Bombay, October 21st.—It has
definitely been resolved to hold
the next sessions of the All-India
Moslem Educational Conference
at Poona in December.
The Hon'ble Mr. Justice
Abdur Rahim has consented to
preside and the choice of
president has met with the
general approval of the com-
munity. Owing to a wide diver-
gence of opinion among the lead-
ing members of the community as
to the advisability, or otherwise,
of accepting the University con-
stitution on the lines of the Hindu
University, the next sessions of
the Mohammedan educational con-
ference will have special interest
as the University question will be
given prominence in the delibera-
tions.

For a good solid meal a la
Carte or Table d'Hôte with
Wines & Liquors of the Best
ALEXANDRA CAFE.

GENERAL NEWS.

Frank Moran Beats Coffey.
New York, October 20.—Frank Moran knocked out Jim Coffey in the third round of a ten-round contest held here to-night. The fight was to determine which man will meet Willard for the world's championship.

For Selling Chinese Goods.
The Chinese Ministry of Agriculture and Commerce proposes to establish an institution in Peking specially for selling native goods so as to develop industrial enterprise. The institution, it is said, will soon be established.

Manila's Centenarians.
Calixta Balintoc, residing on Calle Antonio Rivera, Tondo, died on Friday last at the advanced age of 112 years. This is the fifth death of a centenarian to be registered at the central office of the health service during the present month.

Hongkong and Winston.
Many thanks to the *Singapore Free Press* for the following:—"Singapore patriots have despatched 2,282 cases of pineapples to the British fleet. Hongkong might copy the example and send ginger—Mr. Churchill's favourite stimulant."

Prohibition in Alabama.
There is irony in the following paragraph from the prohibition *Tuskegee News*:—"The editor knows some men who claim that they are not able to pay their subscription to the *Tuskegee News*, yet they buy enough liquor every two or three weeks to pay for the paper for two or three years."

A Strange Report.
According to the Chinese Press, the Ministry of Finance is now conferring with the Inspector General as to the possibility of transferring the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank to the Bank of China or the Bank of Communications, as requested by the Chinese merchants at Tientsin.

Fatal Affray with Hungghutzes.
A report from Hailar, North Manchuria, states that way-side stations have recently been attacked by Hungghutzes. Russian soldiers replied to the fire of the robbers, killing three. They also arrested nine and took a number of horses. Three hundred roubles were found on the prisoners.

New Bailiff of Guernsey.
The Bailiffship of Guernsey, rendered vacant by the death of Sir William Carey, has been filled by the appointment of Mr. E. C. Ozanne, Advocate and Chief Crown Officer of Guernsey, as Court Bailiff. Besides being Chief Judge in the Courts he is also President of the States of Guernsey.

Death of "Lewis Carroll's" Sister.
The funeral took place at Guildford recently of Miss Margaret Anna Ashley Dodgson, sister of "Lewis Carroll," author of "Alice in Wonderland." She died at the age of 73. A daughter of the late Archdeacon Dodgson, of Croft, Yorkshire, Miss Dodgson took a deep interest in religious and philanthropic movements during her forty-six years' residence in Guildford.

For Tropical Service.
Arrangements are being made, says a Brisbane paper, for the despatch of a force for service in the tropics, and men will be enlisted for this unit, engagement being to the end of the war and four months afterwards, unless sooner discharged. Following are the official particulars:—The age for all ranks will be 30 years minimum, 50 years maximum; men must be good shots, but previous service is not necessary. Medical examination will be strict in view of the climatic conditions. The rates of pay will be the same as for the Australian Imperial Force. Application for enlistment should be made at district headquarters, Brisbane. It is understood that the Commonwealth Government will raise 300 men for service in the territory formerly known as German New Guinea. The force will concentrate in Sydney before embarkation and will consist of six companies, of which two will be raised in New South Wales, two in Victoria, and one in Western Australia.

If you have lost your appetite one of the big variety of dainty dishes at the ALEXANDRA CAFE is sure to tempt you.

NOTICE.

NEW SHIPMENT
OF

VICTOR-VICTROLAS

AND

VICTOR RECORDS

Received by the

S.S. "TENYO MARU,"

INCLUDING THE LATEST
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN SUCCESSSES.

S. MOUTRIE & CO., LTD.

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

GERMAN GOODS SOLD
IN LONDON.Counterfeiting Well-Known
Chocolate Brands.

A slight telegraphic blunder, the change of one letter into another, and, by consequence, of one word into another, has been the indirect means (states Reuter's Agency) of disclosing a clever scheme initiated by the Germans with the double purpose of securing trade profit and of disseminating the political ideas of Deutschtum in foreign countries.

At the end of August, Reuter's Agency received a telegram from Petrograd reporting that German peace appeals to the Russian people were being imported into Russia in boxes of chocolate of the Cailler and other firms. Messrs. Cailler at once justly protested against this statement, and the investigation which was then set on foot, and which disclosed the fact that not Cailler's boxes of chocolate but counterfeiters of them were being employed, had the effect of bringing to light a number of interesting circumstances, exemplifying the extreme ingenuity displayed by the Germans in preparing the way for their commercial men to take the field at the conclusion of peace.

It is well known that an enormous stock of commodities of every description has been prepared by the German manufacturers, which it is their great endeavour to turn into cash at the earliest possible moment by any means that they can discover, and the Germans are showing no scruples in the pursuit of their ends.

Piracy in Trade Marks.
One of the practices employed is to counterfeit all sorts of trade marks of proprietary and valuable goods and commodities manufactured by commercial houses of high repute in neutral and the Allied countries, and by this means they have already obtained opportunities of sending these goods in increasing quantities throughout the world.

Switzerland and other neutral countries are naturally open doors to the whole world. It would seem to be the duty of the Allies to prevent Germany realising its assets in this way. The irony of the whole thing is that the neutrals not merely sell to other neutrals in South America and many British Colonies, but are to-day sending over German goods which are being sold in London disguised under counterfeited trade marks. Germany has thus got a market for everything she can turn into money. She has had no check on her exports, and she has resorted to the practice of copying trade marks, the manufacturers doing this being quite secure from legal proceedings owing to the present condition of affairs.

Just before the war the Germans had commenced erecting chocolate and cocoa works, and had begun to get a hold on the chocolate trade in this country. As soon as war broke out these chocolate firms naturally found their market closed, but by ingeniously copying the trade marks and boxes and general get-up of a number of

BARONET "JOHN BULL."

Death Recalls his Pew Litigation.

Sir Oswald Mosley, a baronet of many peculiarities, has died at the age of sixty-seven.

His great estates were at Abingworth, Thakeham, and in himself he was a modern personification of the old-fashioned John Bull country squire, who till recently figured in the really Christmasy Christmas annuals in their sporting pink. He not only looked, but dressed and acted the part, being at the same time one of the most despotic of feudalists and the kindest of landlords.

He engaged in expensive litigation to prove his family's right to an aisle at the parish church at Rolleston, Burton-on-Trent, where the family seat is situated. It was contended that his family had been entitled to the exclusive use of seventy-two seats since 1815. The matter was compromised by the issue of a faculty allowing him thirty-eight of the seats.

In this and other disputes his chief antagonist was Canon Tyrwhitt, who, with the aid of the Board of Education, won over the question of the village school, but was worsted over the water supply to the rectory, having to sink a well to get his water.

Sir Oswald wore a low-crowned lawyer hat, because his father, the third baronet, and his father before him wore the same. Like them also, he went on the "grand tour" after leaving Eton, and when in 1890 he came into the family estates and a fortune of half a million he brought to the administration a sound and practical knowledge of every side of husbandry.

In 1910 his action in supplying the village folk at Rolleston with loaves baked from stone-ground wholemeal attracted wide attention. He said he himself always had his bread baked in the good old way, and wished the villagers to benefit from having the most nutritious form of bread.

Only last May the baronet ended his own son, Captain Oswald Mosley, for an account of the latter's stewardship at Rolleston Hall, but the matter was settled out of court.

He was a regular exhibitor at the Smithfield shows, and an expert of the Smithfield Club. He was a descendant of Lord Nicholas Mosley, who was Lord Mayor of London in the last year of the sixteenth century, and whose brother laid the foundation of the commercial prosperity of Manchester. The market rights in that city remained in the family until recently, and the name is still borne by a street.

The heir to the baronetcy is Mr. Oswald Ernald Mosley, who was born in 1896.

manufacturers—amongst others the well-known firm of Cailler—they have been able to dispose of their chocolate through neutral countries under the guise of a counterfeited get-up, and they have further used these chocolate boxes as a means of spreading propaganda setting out the events of the war from a German point of view, no doubt with a view to influencing the opinion of the inhabitants of the neutral and Allied countries.

Prepaid Advertisements

ONE CENT PER WORD
FOR EACH INSERTION.

TO LET.

TO LET.—Three-roomed Flats in Humphreys Buildings, Kowloon.

Four-roomed flats in May Road, with every modern convenience, including English baths and kitchen ranges, hot water and water carriage system. A few flats specially designed to accommodate three bachelors at reasonable rentals. Immediate possession.

Four-roomed Houses in Gordon Terrace and Salisbury Avenue, Kowloon.

Windsor Lodge, Kowloon, six-roomed house with Tennis Court. Immediate possession.

Apply to—
HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LTD.
Alexandra Buildings.

TO LET.—Nos. 1 & 5 "Torres Buildings" Kowloon. Moderate rental. Ready for occupation. Apply to:—SPANISH DOMINICAN PROCUROTOR.

TO LET.—Offices at 2 Connaught Road.

Offices in King's Buildings. Offices in "Des" Vieux Road Central.

Houses in Clifton Gardens, Conduit Road.

New Houses in Broadwood Terrace.

Houses at the Peak.

No. 21 Wongneichong Road. No. 1 Moreton Terrace, Causeway Bay.

Godowns at Wanchai. Godowns at New Praya, Kennedy Town.

No. 1, 2 and 3 West End Terrace Canton.

Apply to:—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY Co., Ltd.

TO LET.

TO LET.—No. 3 Macdonnell Road. Unfurnished from 1st December, 1915. Apply Johnson, Stokes & Master, Prince's Building.

TO LET.—"La Hacienda" E. No. 74 Mount Kellott Road. Chater's Bungalow, No. 66 Nathan Road, Kowloon. Apply to CHATER and MODY, 5 Queen's Road Central.

TO LET.—A House in Knutsford Terrace, Kowloon. Apply to:—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY Co., Ltd.

TO LET.—Ravenshill East, Park Road, containing 9 rooms, 3 bath rooms, servants quarters, &c., vacant 1st November. Apply Deacon Looker, Deacon & Harston.

TO LET.—Office on 1st Floor, No. 14 Pedder Street.—Apply Property Office, JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.

WANTED.

WANTED.—English Gentleman desires apartments with board in good British family.—Apply "CORNUBIA," c/o Hongkong Telegraph.

WANTED.—Daily or resident nurse for two children at the Peak. Apply by letter enclosing copies of testimonials to "E" at this office.



N. LAZARUS,

OPHTHALMIC OPTICIAN.

WAR AND HEADACHES.

Have you noticed that your eyes are much more tired and that you have headaches since the war started?

Everyone is reading two or three times as many papers as usual. Their additional reading causes eyestrain in eyes which had been previously capable of doing all the work they were asked to do. If your eyes were perfect, or if you had correctly fitted glasses, you could read all day without tiring your eyes.

We make no charge for testing your eyes, therefore if your eyes tire call in and ask if you need glasses.

Sight Tested with Latest Scientific Instruments by
H. TOBIAS, F.S.M.C.F.I.O.

N. LAZARUS

NOTE CHANGE OF ADDRESS. OPHTHALMIC OPTICIAN
28, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.BRITISH ADMIRALTY
PAPERS FOR KRUPPS.

How a "Special Constable" Escaped.

A correspondent, who signs himself "Britain for the British" writes to the *Globe*:

In a London hotel where I am staying I see men—Austrians and Germans—who go about free and unchallenged. Some of these I know personally, and in former times have had business relations with them. Their chief interests are most certainly in the countries of our enemies.

A fortnight since I reported to the local police the presence in the "Pension" where I was residing of a suspected foreign spy, who, upon his own confession to me in the smoking-room, had translated British Admiralty papers for Krupps, and the police sent plain clothes officers to make inquiries. They were, in the first place, satisfied because he had, as a credential of good faith, a special constable warrant card signed, as these officers told me, "by two magistrates."

At my urgent request they proceeded further inquiries, the results of which were no satisfaction, for they sent three days later to take him, but naturally the bird had flown.

With the constant danger threatening us of Zeppelin raids, surely more stringent measures should be adopted to rid our country of these aliens, and I hope that by calling public attention to

UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS.

Eastern Extension Australasia & China Telegraph Co.

Annie, New York.
C. C. Chang, Shanghai.
Chan Hing Sang, Manyuen, Penang.

Kwongseing c/o Cheong Kwong Bonham Strand W. Perth.
Graves, Toledo Ohio.

Tungfatyuen, Haiphong.
Yapsee c/o Chop Yeekee Chiewan St., Papanperak.

Yuyung, Shanghai. M. BECK, Superintendent.

Hongkong, 26th November, 1915.
Great Northern Telegraph Company, Ltd.

Prathipe Passenger Katori-maru c/o Morioka, Tokio.
Selmes, Grand Hotel, Kyoto.

Kogakikurye c/o Matubara Hotel, Dairen.

Bien Hongkong Hotel, Amoy.
Miss Reed Hongkong Hotel, Shanghai.

Kwangziangseung Vungeing Street, Shanghai.

Burbank Yung Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, Peking.
Fookhing Osaka.

Tsushima, Amurabo.
Matsumoto Japanese Consulate General, Tokio.

Matsumoto c/o Onakshonon, Osaka.

Woo Kwanglat Godown, Shanghai.

W. X. HOUTROD, Superintendent.
Hongkong, 20th November, 1915.

There came within my personal knowledge some further agitation may lead to practical results. Enclose my card, and fuller details of information will be given to anyone in authority.

NOTICES.

A LONG-FELT WANT SATISFIED.

COLOFINA CIGAR—A new cigar just placed on the Hongkong market by the Jamaica Tobacco Co., is the Aristocrat of the Clear Habana Cigar family. In 1905 COLOFINA CIGARS were awarded the Grand Prize, Colonial Exhibition London. They are manufactured in Kingston, Jamaica, by skilled workmen of a British Company from the finest selected tobacco.

"PERFECTOS"

In sealed boxes of 25 cigars ... \$5.00 Per box.

"BOUQUETS"

Finos in sealed boxes of 25 cigars ... \$3.50 ..

SOLD BY

A.S. WATSON & CO., LTD. KELLY & WALSH LTD.
HONGKONG CIGAR STORE. LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.
VICTORIA DISPENSARY, AND
BRITISH-AMERICAN TOBACCO CO., LTD.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A NEW STOCK OF

TENNIS SHOES

WITH RUBBER, LEATHER, & STUDDER SOLES.

CELLULAR TENNIS SHIRTS

WITH TRUNK DRAWERS ATTACHED

MOST COMFORTABLE FOR ALL SPORTS.

M. MELAGRINO & CO.

EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES.

No. 4 per 100 \$4.00

No. 6 " 3.00

No. 9 " 2.80

SOLE AGENTS:

HONGKONG CIGAR STORE.

WE WILL SUPPLY YOU
DISS BROS. WITH A PERFECT FIT.
ENGLISH TAILORS.
No. 1, WYNDHAM ST. (Flower St.)
Established 1900.

WELLS FARGO & CO.
EXPRESS.

FORWARDERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO THE
SHIPPING OF TOURISTS' BAGGAGE AND
PURCHASERS' TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES CARRIED.

B. MONTEITH WEBB & CO., Representatives.

In, Onlay Road. Phone No. 1800.

SENNET FRERES.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING, QUEEN'S ROAD.

The Leading French Jewellers and Dealers in Fancy Goods.

Just Received an Enormous Stock of English Gold and Silver Ware.

Great Stock of Jewels & Jewellery Just Arrived.

AS WATSON & CO. LTD.

GLIMPSES OF CHINA

中國風景畫

AS WATSON & CO. LTD.

Correspondents are requested to observe rule which requires them to forward their names and addresses with communications addressed to the Editor, not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence of their bona fides.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

The rates of Subscription to the "Hongkong Telegraph" will be as follows:—
Daily issue—\$36 per annum.
Weekly issue—\$13 per annum.

The rates per quarter and per annum, proportional. Subscriptions for any period less than one month will be charged as for a full month.

The daily issue is delivered free when the address is accessible to messenger. Peak subscribers can have their copies delivered at their residences without any extra charge. On copies sent by post an additional \$1.80 per quarter is charged for postage.

The postage on the weekly issue to any part of the world is \$1.00 per quarter.

Single Copies, Daily, ten cents. Weekly, twenty-five cents (for cash only).

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded.

(Payable in Advance.)

The "Hongkong Telegraph" is now on sale at, and will be delivered to subscribers by, the Dairy Farm Company, Ltd., Shamcen, Canton, who have been appointed our agents there.

By Order,

"HONGKONG TELEGRAPH."

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1915.

THE NEW CHINESE COPYRIGHT LAW.

Evidently in the opinion of the Peking Government, copyrights, like other things, should begin at home. One of our objections to China's "way of doing things" has always been that her booksellers and merchants ignore, in most splendid fashion, all European copyright, rights of patent and trade marks whenever they can possibly contrive to do so. Since, however, the said booksellers and merchants had no more respect for the feelings of their compatriots than they had for foreigners where these feelings were concerned, one ought not, perhaps, to grumble unduly. By the new Copyright Act the Chinese Government has shown itself alive to the injustice of permitting such infringements as have been the rule in the past, and one would like to hope that the Act, which, as at present modelled, only applies to China, will be extended to other countries within a reasonably short space of time, and that we shall find her included among the signatories to the international copyright laws.

The new Act is patterned on that in force at home, but differs in certain features—mostly minor ones. We note that the rights in books endure for the author's life and only for thirty years after. This point will doubtless be amended in course of time. Infringement of copyright is to carry with it penalties ranging from ten to five hundred dollars—penalties that are trifling when contrasted with the Western notion concerning this offence, but showing at least a willingness on the part of the Government to regard a rogue as a rogue. The time will doubtless come when the rulers of China will realise that a five-hundred dollar fine is insufficient to deter a man from stealing the labours of another, so long as the stealing continues to be a lucrative proceeding. It is noticeable, however, that "the publication of one's own writings under the name of another is to be considered as a case of forgery." In many countries such a clause would be regarded as ludicrously unnecessary, but in a land boiling with political unrest, wherein treasonable utterances and writings abound, it is not an uncommon thing to find the writer of a book or pamphlet on some forbidden subject sheltering himself behind another's name.

Article 23 of the new Act specifies the classes of writings which are to enjoy no copyright; and among these we find "Newspaper articles and reports dealing with politics and current news." This seems to us to require some little overhauling, the more so that, when the law is extended so as to include China among the European countries where copyright is concerned, British-owned papers will be affected thereby. Even in existing circumstances the clause at once suggests no small amount of injustice. There are many British journalists working on Chinese-owned periodicals, and in some few cases these are men of ability and standing. Is their work to be reprinted without acknowledgment of source and authorship just as often as a piratical editor or proprietor may choose? And among the Chinese themselves one can find men who have studied in Europe and have devoted much pains and money towards fitting themselves for journalism on Western lines. They are working for papers in Peking, Tientsin and Shanghai and are bringing well-trained minds to bear on local problems—apparently in order that some other Chinese who has never been out of his own country or province may reap the benefit of their labour! But, as we began by hinting, China should be very thankful for small mercies. Her new law is one of which her people may justly be proud, and if the Central Government is prepared to insist on its being acted up to, at least the worst of the internal robbery in this direction will receive the check that it has so long needed.

The Stowaway Evil.

The stealing of passages on coasting steamers is a practice which gives no end of trouble to local shipping companies. It is one, moreover, which it is almost impossible to suppress, for the Chinese stowaway is a wily bird, hence, so long as it is a mere case of obtaining a free trip, ship-owners are inclined to wink at the matter, being satisfied to catch an intruder when they can. A case which came on at the Police Court yesterday, however, revealed a practice which can only be described as distinctly dangerous—that of stowaways hiding themselves down among the cargo. In this particular instance two men were discovered secreting themselves in a locked cargo hatch. As was stated in evidence, there is more than a possibility of such individuals striking matches (for the Chinese must have his little smoke), and in that case a ship might easily be set on fire. Indeed, the wonder is that such a calamity has for so long a time been averted. What causes an equal surprise is that in the case under notice the magistrate did not come down more heavily on the defendants. A fine of five dollars, with an alternative of six weeks' imprisonment, by no means meets such cases. Far heavier punishment than that is needed if the evil is to be kept within anything like reasonable limits.

Wants Looking Into.

Among the institutions of the Colony which need looking into is the House of Detention—the place where out-of-workers are supposed to be temporarily housed until they are able to find employment. We say "supposed" because it would appear, from a Police Court case yesterday, that some of its inmates are really permanent fixtures there. The old fellow who was on this occasion before the Bench for absconding himself from the House must have been brought up on a similar charge scores of times in the past—for years past now he has been a most familiar figure in the Courts. Does anyone imagine that men of his type, when they are let out, ever seriously look for work? Of course they do not. And yet they are permitted to remain in the House. They are merely abusing the institution. What is the use, therefore, of merely cautioning absconders and then sending them back to the House again? Where it is possible, persons who merely make use of the institution as a free and permanent lodging-house should be cleared out of the Colony. Where that cannot be done, surely there is some organisation in the Colony which could take their cases in hand.

St. Andrew's Day.

To-day is the day on which Scotsmen are wont to do honour to the pious memory of their Patron Saint, St. Andrew. The custom of observing St. Andrew's Day is much more closely observed by Scotsmen out of Scotland than it is by the stay-at-homes—a circumstance which may partly be explained by the fact that the atmosphere of Puritanism which is so widespread in Scotland itself is not conducive to the keeping of Saints' Days; witness the comparative non-observance of Christmas Day and, in contrast thereto, the thoroughgoing celebration of New Year's Day. The point is sometimes made that it is difficult to understand why St. Andrew should have been chosen as the Patron Saint of Scotland, since it is not known that he ever visited the country. But can it definitely be said that he never set foot in Scotland? There is an apparently well-founded legend which speaks of his having been in South Britain, at any rate, in about the year 65, and it is quite within the bounds of possibility that he wandered North also. Be that as it may, St. Andrew's Day has long since become an institution among Scotsmen, and especially among Overseas Scotsmen. The continuation of the war unhappily prevents a celebration of the day in Hongkong on the customary large scale, but, all the same, the festival will be well and truly, if quietly, kept by the large Scottish element in our midst.

DAY BY DAY.

PUSH ON—KEEP MOVING.

The Weather.
At the Peak 3 a.m. Temp. 53;
at the base 5 a.m. Temp. 63;
Lower level 8 a.m. Temp. 63;
sunshine.

The Mails.
America and Canadian Mails.—
Close to-day per s.s. Aki
Maru 11 p.m.
America and Canadian Mails.—
Close to-day per s.s. Aki
Maru 10 a.m.
Canadian Mail.—Close to-morrow
per s.s. Empress of Japan.

The Dollar.
The rate of the dollar on demand to-day is 1/11 5/10.

To-morrow is the 71st birthday of Her Majesty Queen Alexandra.

Prize Distribution.
At St. Patrick's Hall on December 9, at 5 p.m., Mr. E. Ralphe is to distribute the prizes to the scholars of St. Francis' School.

Another Rubbish Picker.
For picking over a rubbish basket and strewing its contents over the pavement, a Chinese was fined \$5 by Mr. Lindell this morning.

Coming Marriage.
The marriage will take place shortly of Mr. Harry Stainfield, No. 8 Leighton Hill Road, and Miss Julia Maude Barry, who is on the way out from England.

To-morrow's Auctions.
To-morrow at noon Mr. G. P. Lamont is selling by auction four parcels of first-grade pearls. At 2.30 p.m. Messrs. Hughes and Hough are selling a large quantity of jewellery, ivory, grass cloth, etc.

Dumping Rubbish.
A letter of complaint was received by the Sanitary Board yesterday regarding the dumping of rubbish at the entrance of the Zoroastrian Club, Queen's Road. The matter was reported to the police and early this morning Sergeant McEwen caught the offender, red-handed. When brought up before Mr. Lindell, a fine of \$5 was inflicted.

Nagoya's Cargo.
The cargo, shipped by the s.s. Nagoya on the 24th inst., included 1,215 rolls of mats and matting, 500 bales of cane, 117 cases of preserves, 350 cases of silk cocoons and 100 cases of waste silk for London; 60 cases of aniseed oil, 280 cases of groundnut oil and 2,000 bags of refined sugar for Marseilles; and 200 cases of cassia for Port Said.

Proposed Toy Bazaar.
We are informed that, in consequence of the toys ordered for the recent bazaar in aid of the Society of St. Vincent de Paul having arrived too late for that event, it is proposed to hold a Toy Bazaar in order to dispose of them. This will probably take place on Sunday, December 19, and will be held in the compound of the Catholic Cathedral. The arrangements are, we understand, in the hands of the Society of St. Vincent de Paul officials and of the Catholic Women's League.

APPLICATION IN FULL COURT.

Further Postponement in Murder Case.

Mr. Eldon Potter, in the Full Court this morning, applied to the Chief Justice for a postponement of a murder case which was got down for to-morrow morning before a special jury.

Mr. Potter said he was appearing for the defence, but his learned friend, Mr. Kemp, Attorney General was appearing for the prosecution. Owing to the stress caused by the extradition case, he did not feel as though he could do justice to the murder case to-morrow. He asked their Lordships' indulgence, and requested that it should be taken on Thursday. The case had been postponed already he knew, but under the circumstances he did not feel as though he could do the full justice to the case which it demanded.

The Chief Justice replied that they recognised "his difficulty," that he had not had sufficient time for preparation. At the same time, it would cause inconvenience to the special jury, as the case had been put off time after time, although it was through no fault of the Court. The case would be postponed until Thursday morning at 10 o'clock, the other cases proceeding before a common jury.

NOTES ON THE CRISIS.

ITALIAN PROGRESS.

Trading With the Enemy.

Our Shanghai correspondent's wire of this morning hardly forms pleasant reading. A British subject, of Austrian birth, has been fined twenty pounds and costs, and sentenced to three months' imprisonment, for offering to charter a ship to a German broker. Our correspondent adds that two other cases are pending the particulars as to which are at present kept private. A man of purely British blood has been punished for a not dissimilar offence within recent months, it hardly becomes us to throw stones at this man. Austrian origin; moreover if we look at the matter from the point of view of his being a British subject the case against him becomes all the blacker. Why the punishment for this Judea should stop at a mere two hundred dollar fine and three months in jail is more than we can say, for the more deeply one looks into such a case, the more abominable becomes the crime. Treachery is treachery, whether it consists in giving information to an enemy or whether it happens to stop—as in this instance—at enabling an enemy to make material (even if only personal) profit. To Hongkong readers who take pride in their being able to style themselves British subjects there is something positively appalling about a man's being willing and anxious to make profit out of his country's difficulties, in any circumstances; and, when the transaction is also going to benefit an enemy, the heinousness of it all is increased tenfold. Surely a stiffer punishment can be handed out to possible future offenders.

The Italians.

The least showy yet some of the most useful fighting in the war has fallen to the lot of Italy. For all these months past, the three divisions of her army have kept engaged, at a comparatively small cost, a very considerable proportion of Austria's fighting strength, which would otherwise have been free to reinforce the enemy's line on the East front. Italy has fought with a steadiness and a perseverance and a self-control which very few people believed to be in her, and the gratitude of the Allies should be correspondingly great. Her men have stood the wear and tear of mountain fighting as few others could have done, and the losses among them have been trivial in comparison with those sustained by the Austrians. It now remains to be seen with how many, or rather with how few, men she can carry on her present useful campaign, and how many she can thus really spare for work in the Balkans. She has made a definite promise to the Serbians and we do not doubt that it will be faithfully kept.

The Russians.

Russia continues to be a surprise to her enemies in more ways than one. Not only has she made certain parts of her territory too uncomfortable for the Austro-Germans for them to wish to prolong their stay there, but she has gone quietly forward with the work of internal reformation. Only a few years ago the free and easy visit of the Tsar to a factory known to be the centre of red-hot socialism—such as that described in the overnight wire—would have been not only impossible but inconceivable. If the war has meant the realisation of Britain, what has it not meant to Russia? It has given her a constitutional government, a contented and united people and all the self-respect that necessarily accompanies these two. Even when Russia was at her worst it was idle for the Kaiser to talk of opposing the iron glove to the bear's paw; how much more so now?

A YEAR AGO TO-DAY.

LEADING EVENTS IN THE GREAT WAR.

Extracts from the war news contained in the "Hongkong Telegraph" of November 30, 1914.

Australia to Supply Wool to Canada and Japan.
Baster's correspondent at Melbourne reports that it has been decided to permit the export of wool to Canada and Japan.

Arab Loyalty.
Abdullah Sultan has spontaneously issued to all the Arab Chiefs in the Aden Hinterland a statement in which he says that after a friendship existing for 70 years with Great Britain he calls on all of them to maintain their allegiance and render every assistance in their power to Great Britain, who has undertaken this war to protect small States from aggression. The statement concludes with an appeal for the Red Cross Fund.

French Bourse to Re-open.
The Minister of Finance has fixed December 7 for the re-opening of the Paris Stock exchange for cash transaction.

Good News from India.
The following telegram has been received by the General Officer Commanding, Hongkong, from the Chief of the General Staff, India:—The situation continues satisfactory. News of the successful operations at the head of the Persian Gulf has caused great satisfaction. Marwaris are returning to Calcutta in numbers on receipt of the news of the destruction of the Emden, and confidence in the ultimate victory of the Allies is more pronounced. Recruiting continues very good.

LANGKAT OUTLET.

Messrs. Wright and Hornby advise us that the Langkat outlet for the current month is as follows:—

Nov.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30

Total to 29th inst. 4,570

Daily average 157.58

DANGEROUS CYCLING.

A Lady Knocked Down and Injured.

At the Police Court this morning, a Chinese lad was charged with riding a bicycle in a negligent manner and at a speed dangerous to the public on the previous evening. (Mr. J. Mo-Milan, Revenue Officer) said that he was walking down Queen's Road Central with two ladies when the defendant came up on a bicycle and knocked one of the ladies down. She was seriously shaken and was now in bed. Her elbow and knee were injured. The left side of the road was perfectly clear at the time.

The defendant said there were two rickshaws in the road at the time and he could not get by. Mr. Lindell imposed a fine of \$10, and the boy left the Court. A few minutes later, Mr. Lindell recalled the defendant saying he had not fined him enough; the fine would be increased to \$20.

CIGARETTE AND TOBACCO FUND.

For the Allied Forces at the Front.

The following is the Subscription List to date:—
Total acknowledged to the 20th November 1915, \$8,407.54.
Since received:—

W. A. ... \$2
E. E. J. ... 3
H. W. L. ... 10

Per South China Morning Post:—
"Non-Smokers" ... 1000

Per Mr. O. D. Gander Chinese Maritime Customs, Hongkong:—

Messrs. A. Nichol, O. F. Crowell, W. Olsen, H. P. Allgood—4 at \$2.00 each ... \$8

Messrs. M. W. Fraser, E. T. Craig, L. L. Lopez, J. Kennedy, K. Stengaard, W. J. Martin, P. Popoff, G. Breen, A. K. Gron-dahl, O. B. Cooper, H. Markham, H. Owen, J. Hyatt, H. Appleton, W. Crawley, A. H. Feun, E. Alcock, H. P. Harrison, F. G. Maidment, C. W. Johansen, H. Penn-father, R. Cross, M. Gilmore, K. Backlund, M. A. Hancock, E. J. Statter, W. Wolmar, A. R. Bal-lot, O. D. Gander—29 at \$1.00 each ... 29

Per Miss Square:—

A. B. C. ... \$1
Mr. G. A. Pentreath ... 5
Mr. J. W. Evans ... 5
J. C. F. ... 1
Anonymous ... 1
"Eddie French" ... 5
Friend ... 50
P. C. ... 2.50
Mrs. Slest ... 2
Mr. R. A. Gubbay ... 5
Mr. W. E. Clark ... 2
M. O. F. ... 50
Friend ... 2.05

List No. 4 L:—

E. A. ... \$3
J. B. ... 3
C. D. W. ... 5
O. B. J. ... 3
G. M. ... 2
R. E. SIA ... 2
H. H. ... 5
C. M. E. ... 5
W. R. M. ... 2
R. F. H. ... 2
E. R. T. ... 2
W. P. T. ... 5
R. A. B. ... 2
S. H. D. ... 5
T. G. W. ... 2
F. S. T. ... 1
M. A. P. ... 2
Chai Wan ... 2.50
A. R. L. ... 20

\$32.55

Per Mrs. C. McL. Messer:—
Ladies Bridge Book (Peak) ... 13.80

\$8,589.39

Amount Expended to 20th November ... 8,075.41

Balance in hand ... \$513.98

D. W. CRADDOCK, Chairman.

Hongkong, November 27, 1915.

ABSENTED HIMSELF.

Didn't Like the Food in "The House."

A man named Frank Aquino was charged before Mr. Lindell at the Police Court this morning for failing to return to the House of Detention at the expiration of his time of leave.

The defendant's excuse was that the food in the House was so bad that he could not live there. It was stated that the case was one of simple absence. The defendant was living with his sister and failed to go back at the proper time.

Sentence of 14 days' imprisonment was passed.

SPECIAL CABLE.

TRADING WITH THE ENEMY.

SHANGHAI BRITISH SUBJECT SENT TO PRISON.

(From Our Own Correspondent).

Shanghai, November 30.
A British subject named Goldman, of Austrian birth, has been sentenced to three months' imprisonment and fined £20 and costs for trading with the enemy.

The prisoner made a firm offer to charter a ship to a German broker.
Two other cases are pending, the particulars of which are being kept private.

YUNNAN.

Some of Its Possibilities.

A Hongkong Gentleman's Interesting Impressions.

(Continued from Yesterday.)

Our facts then are these:—
(1) Yunnan is an enormously rich province bordering on Tibet and Burma on the west, Tonkin and the only present available railway route to the sea on the south, and in the west on China's great waterways.

The Province needs development; and the writer believes that this will only come through railways.

The "Border States" are yet in a state of chaos needing only a firm hand and organisation. They have never had this; and a proper system of supervision by Europeans would result in order out of that chaos. A very remarkable state of affairs has occurred and is occurring in the extraordinary outbreak under German subjects in Yunnan. The writer humbly submits that here we can find the solution of the riddle which our statesmen have found so hard to solve. If Chinese subjects can be organised in Chinese Territory to make war on a friendly territory, does not China open the door for us to expel them from our concessions?

(2) The only line is a monopoly. What the missionaries have done and are doing for the country is hard to say. They are, rightly, respected for their good lives, but some of the foreign missions other than the Roman Catholic missions have not made far progress in the way they might have done, and the German missions have undoubtedly put the advancement of German enterprise before the preaching of the gospel; and some of the American missions are not above suspicion.

(3) The results achieved by the French have shown what foreign capital and enterprise can accomplish. May we and our Allies come to some arrangement which will lead to the further development of this great province where our mutual interests are so interlinked. The writer is not aware that there is any holiday with such a complete change of association, scenery and interest from the point of view of the Hongkong resident. How and why it is not more widely known the writer knows not.

It is not an essential but a knowledge of the French language—however meagre, as was the writer's—is a very valuable asset, because you will then get into touch with a very charming set of people whom you are always meeting, the officials and engineers of both lines.

It is also helpful in dealing with the Annamites; and the worse your French the better you will get along. The French of "Shatford and Bowe" is much in vogue.

The Hotels vary, mostly in lavatory accommodations, the food is always good, the wine nearly always passable, and the bedroom accommodation ample and clean.

The writer spent twenty days at the Hotel Terminus in Yunnan Fu and was satisfied as well with his bedroom, lavatory and bathroom accommodation as with the food.—The only drawback was the approach to the Hotel in wet weather and the fact that the dining room was rather funeral.

At Anichoon the hotel was good, but one bathed and so forth in one's room.

REVOLTING CRUELTY.

Mother's Shocking Treatment of Her Daughter.

A revolting case of cruelty was heard before Mr. Hazeland, at the Police Court this morning, when a Chinese woman was charged with cruelly ill-treating her daughter.

The little girl, who appeared to be about 10 years of age, bore marks of her mother's brutality. Her face was cut and bruised, and even burned, and it was stated that her body was covered with bruises.

Inspector O'Sullivan said it was a very bad case. The witness in the case went into the house and found the little girl tied to some iron railings, and the woman was beating her with a large piece of firewood. The girl had been struck on the mouth and all over the body.

The defendant said she had had a few cups of wine, and the girl broke a plate and had committed a lot of small wrongful acts. She (defendant) did not know what she was doing.

In reply to the Magistrate, the woman said her husband was a seaman and had been away some months.

Inspector O'Sullivan thought the husband was in the house yesterday, but had now cleared.

Mr. Hazeland said the child had better be taken to the Secretary for Chinese Affairs.

The defendant was fined \$50, or, in default, six weeks' hard labour.

Pon Hei is not in the ordinary itinerary and the writer was fortunately entertained most charmingly in a private house.

Peite Tchai was, likewise, ill-equipped for much entertainment, but courtesy and good food made up for all other deficiencies.

At Yi Liang, the ladies are lovely but the hotel does not appear to be inviting. The writer did not take more than a hasty drink.

Should the traveller go to Mongtse, Kalos' Hotel is excellent, except for the fact that bath rooms have to be reached through a sea of mud in the rainy season. The bedrooms and all other accommodations are beyond reproach.

Both in Mongtse and Yunnan Fu, unless one is a hopeless outsider, one can get bridge and tennis with some of the very dearest people one could possibly meet.

If they would only make Yunnan Fu an open port, the writer would buy a farm and spend his declining years in one of the nicest places in which it has ever been his lot to find himself.

It is, in fact, quite likely that Yunnan Fu will become a Treaty or open port before long; and when that happens, the chances of Yunnan "bumping" become very real and very near. It would not be becoming in the writer if he should fail in expressing his appreciation of the courtesy and kindness of the Chinese officials with whom he came in contact and of the bon homie, geniality, and frank hospitality of the Consular officials, the heads of the leading foreign firms, the Customs and Post Office officials everywhere, and especially those connected with the R. & W. Y.

To particularise would be impossible, where everyone was so charming and so delightfully hospitable. The writer is sure that in its geniality and the heartiness of its welcome to strangers, Yunnan stands alone.

(To be Continued.)

SIR ROBERT HO TUNG'S GENEROSITY.

Fifty Thousand Dollars for War Purposes.

We are asked to state that his Excellency the Governor has received from Sir Robert Ho Tung a sum of \$50,000 to be applied to purposes in connection with the war.

His Excellency has accordingly remitted \$3,000 to London for the purchase of two aeroplanes to be presented to the War Office, and \$1,908 to be paid to the British Red Cross Society for the purchase of motor ambulances either boat or wheeled and for upkeep of same.

It is understood that motor boat ambulances are required for use at the Dardanelles and in Mesopotamia.

HONGKONG TRAMWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

The following is the approximate statement of Traffic Receipts for the week ending Nov. 27, 1915:—

	Receipts Aggregate for week. Receipts for 48 weeks.
This Year: ...	\$10,702 \$537,278
Last Year: ...	8,935 537,761
Increase: ...	1,717
Decrease: ...	10,483

ON A CLOSED ROAD.

European's Struggle with an Indian Constable.

An interesting case was heard by Mr. Hazeland at the Police Court this morning, when Frederick Charles Coleman, chief electrician at the Kowloon Docks, was charged with travelling along the Naval Yard portion of Canton Road, Kowloon, which was closed for military purposes, and also with assaulting an Indian constable who was on duty there.

The evidence of the Indian Constable was to the effect that he saw the defendant in Austin Road proceeding towards Canton Road, and as the Naval Yard portion of the road was closed he stopped the defendant. Defendant then assaulted him, striking him several times.

Sergeant Pincoff said that he was near by at the time, and, on hearing Police whistles sounded, he went to where the men were. The Indian constable had hold of the defendant. He saw the defendant strike one blow, but the constable would not let go. When witness asked the constable what the matter was he replied "That's my business, Sahib."

Defendant went into the witness box. He said he wanted to go to Canton Road, and when he met the constable he explained that he had often been there before, and that he did not happen to be in uniform. The constable let him pass, but after witness had gone into a club there and was coming out the constable came up and took hold of his arm, pulling it so hard that he tore the cloth. He also blew his whistle and another Indian and Sergeant Pincoff came up. Witness lost his temper because of the treatment he had received, and struck the constable a light blow.

Mr. Hazeland said he thought the case ought to be brought to the notice of the Capt. Superintendent of Police, because of the remark of the constable to the Sergeant. It was obvious the constable knew who Sergeant Pincoff was. The case was one, however, in which a connection must be recorded because there was the assault and the passing down the road. Having regard to the fact that the defendant was badly treated by the constable, no penalty would be imposed, but a conviction would be recorded.

The defendant, earlier in the morning, was fined \$5 for allowing his dog to go abroad without a muzzle, and \$5 for having no license for the dog.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

YOU

CAN ALWAYS GET FROM US THE BEST QUALITY LOCAL

BEEF AND MUTTON
AND
AUSTRALIAN
FROZEN MUTTON, LAMB,
RABBITS AND HARES.
OUR FRESH MILK
AND OTHER DAIRY PRODUCTS
ARE
THE BEST IN THE EAST.

J. ULLMANN & Co.

SPECIAL SALE

GOLD POCKET WATCHES

Accurate Timekeepers! Absolute Bargains!
Every Watch is Fully Guaranteed.

THE EXTRADITION CASE.

Mr. Potter's Reply to the Crown Arguments.

In the Full Court, this morning, Mr. Eldon Potter proceeded with his reply to the Crown in the extradition case which has occupied the attention of the Court for a fortnight, but which, owing to the Criminal Sessions being due, will not reach a climax yet. Judgment, in all probability, will be given after the Sessions.

Mr. Potter contended that if this case was sent back to the Magistrate, Mr. Bratton would in all probability have to go right through the whole of the evidence again for the Magistrate, who had not heard of the thing for months. The whole case would go back for argument, or, at all events, it would be entitled to argument, and the Magistrate would give his decision, and if that decision was adverse to them they would have to bring the case back again to this Court. They would have to do so if they wished to make the most of their remedies. Their Lordships would find no authority for this, that they could make good the loss of the remedy in that way. The Magistrate had gone wrong in law; he had not exercised his jurisdiction properly and he (Mr. Potter) was entitled, under *Habeas Corpus*, to reap the benefit of that mistake in law.

What the Crown's remedy would be he was not there to discuss, because it did not concern him. If their Lordships took an adverse view of their contentions and sent the case back to the Magistrate to make good his mistake in law, (which was impossible in *Habeas Corpus*), this case they would not find the authority to send it back. No admission of evidence would get over this difficulty. If it was sent back, it would be sent back to make good a refusal of jurisdiction, or, in other words, a deprivation of legal rights.

The Puisne Judge:—That is better.
Mr. Potter:—Your Lordships, I am sure, are not going to keep this man in prison in order that the Magistrate may review his judgment. You would not do that; I am sure. The Magistrate has gone wrong entirely, with his eyes open.

The case is proceeding.

THE CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

The Criminal Sessions which commenced to-morrow are conspicuous for the small number of cases. There are two murder charges to be heard; two charges of perjury; and one case of Chinese returning from banishment.

Although there are few cases, the gravity of the four will be noticed, yet notwithstanding, the list, as compared with that of the previous Sessions, is comparatively light.

VOLUNTEER RESERVE ORDERS.

Orders issued to-day by Major Wakeman, Commanding H. K. V. R., state:—

Parades.
Wednesday the 1st December, and Thursday the 2nd December, at 5.15 p.m. on the Cricket Ground. Recruits under Sergt. Major Bond. Dress: drill order.

Wednesday the 1st December at 5.15 p.m. at Volunteer Headquarters "D" Co. under Sergt. Major Cooke. Dress: drill order.

Wednesday the 1st December, and Friday the 3rd December, at 5.15 p.m. at Volunteer Headquarters—Signalling Section. Uniform to be worn.

Thursday the 2nd December at 5.15 p.m. on the Cricket Ground. All non-commissioned officers for instruction in bayonet fighting. Dress: drill order. Officers will attend.

Friday the 3rd December at 5.15 p.m. on the Cricket Ground—"A," "B" and "C" Companies. Dress: drill order.

TO-DAYS ADVERTISEMENT PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction on

FRIDAY,
the 10th December, 1915, commencing at 2.30 p.m. at No. 2 Robinson Road.

A Quantity of Valuable Household Furniture and Superior Blackwood

comprising—
Teak Hatstand, Silk Tapestry Covered Drawing Room Suites, Cherrywood Card Table, Octagonal Tables, Teak Bookcase, Teak Overmantels with Bevelled Mirrors, Copper and Brass Vases, Coal Scuttles, Carpets, Rugs, Lace and Art Curtains, Marble Clocks, Teak Cabinet, Engravings, Embroidered Screens etc., etc.

Oak and Teak Extension Dining Tables, Morocco and Hide Covered Dining Chairs, Leather Covered Couches, Oak Sideboard with Bevelled Mirror, Oak Cabinet for Glass Ware, Silver Mounted Tantalus, Claret Jugs, Fine Electric Plate, Dinner and Dessert Services, Cut-glass, Cutlery, etc., etc.

Twin Brass Bedsteads, Brass Mounted Double Iron Bedstead, Single and Double Wardrobes with Bevelled Glass, Toilet Table, Tiled and Marble Top Washstand, Toilet sets, Camphorwood Chest of Drawers, Mahogany Work Table, Box Couch, Cushions, etc., etc.

Cooking Stoves, Aluminium Cooking Utensils, Pantry and Bath Room Requisites.

Also
One Grand Piano by "Schiedmayer" in fine condition

and
Very finely Carved Blackwood comprising—Hatstand, Jar-differs, Dining Tables, Curio Cabinets and Stands, Joss House, Joss Tables, Stools, Screens, Teapots, Wall Brackets, Chairs, etc., etc.

Terms:—Cash on delivery.
On view from Thursday, the 9th inst.
Catalogues will be issued.
GEO. P. LAMBERT,
Auctioneer.

Everything for Evening Wear

COLLARS,
TIES,
SHIRTS,
VESTS,
GLOVES,
MUFFLERS,
SOCKS,
PUMPS, etc.

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& CO., LTD.
MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS.
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WILLIAM POWELL.

NEW
OVERCOATING
IN
FLEECE WOOL

LIGHT IN WEIGHT

YET

WARM.

PRICES MODERATE

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BE SURE
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MUSICAL NOTES



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OF TONE & TRIPLE DURABILITY.

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Whisky

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Mouse—Where's that d-d cat now?

PRICE PER CASE 1 DOZ. OTS. DUTY PAID \$21.00

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32, Water Street. MANILA: Manila Hotel.

TICKETS SUPPLIED TO EUROPE by the principal STEAMSHIP
LINES and TRANS-SIBERIAN RAILWAY.
TOURS arranged to ALL PARTS of the WORLD.
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Book's "FAR EASTERN TRAVELLER'S GAZETTE" con-
taining sailings and fares from the Far East to all parts of the
World, will be forwarded free, on application.
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ORIENTAL LINE

HONGKONG TO PHILIPPINES & AUSTRALIAN PORTS
SAILING (SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

Steamers.	Arrive Hongkong from Australia.	Sail Hongkong for Australia.
TAIYUAN	5th Dec.	10th Dec.
CHANGSHA	16th Jan.	21st Jan.

These steamers are fitted with Refrigerating machinery, ensur-
ing a plentiful supply of ice, fresh provisions etc, and have superior
accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in
the State-rooms. A duly qualified Doctor is carried. Reduced Fares.
Cargo booked through for all Australian, New Zealand and Tas-
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For Freight or Passage apply to

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BRITISH INDIA S. N. CO., LTD.

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Regular Service Between

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WESTWARD

The S.S. "Japan," tons 6,013, Capt. Seddon, will be de-
parted for S'pore, Penang, R'goon & Calcutta on the 4th Dec.

The above steamers have excellent saloon accommodations for
Passengers and are fitted with all modern conveniences and carry a
duly qualified surgeon.

For freight or passage, apply to

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Hongkong, Nov. 30, 1915.

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JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO
STEAMBOAT CO., Ltd. and CHINA NAVIGATION CO., Ltd.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

HONGKONG TO CANTON. | CANTON TO HONGKONG.

TUESDAY, 30th NOVEMBER.

10.00 p.m. Heungshan. | 4.30 p.m. Honam.

WEDNESDAY, 1st DECEMBER.

8.00 a.m. Honam. | 8.00 a.m. Fatshan.
10.00 p.m. Fatshan. | 4.30 p.m. Heungshan.

Single Fare by Night Steamer..... \$ 6.00
Return Fare by Night Steamer..... 10.00
Single Fare by Day Steamer..... 4.00
Return Fare by Day Steamer..... 8.00

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

s.s. Fatshan, Tons 2006. | s.s. Sui Tai Tons 1651.

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Week days at 8 a.m. and 2 p.m. from the Company's Wing Lok
Street Wharf. Sundays at 9 a.m. and 1 p.m. from the Company's
Wing Lok Street Wharf.

MACAO TO HONGKONG.

Week days at 7.30 a.m. & 2 p.m. Sundays at 7.30 a.m. & 3 p.m.

EXCURSION TO MACAO.

SUNDAY, 5th DECEMBER.

The Company's Steamship "AISHAN"
will depart from the COMPANY'S WING LOK STREET WHARF
at 9 a.m. and return from Macao at 3 p.m.

N.B.—The Company will also run a steamer from Macao on
Sunday at 7.30 a.m., and from Hongkong at 1 p.m., from the
Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

CANTON-MACAO LINE.

s.s. SUI AN.

Departures from Macao to Canton on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 9 p.m.

Departures from Canton to Macao on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4.30 p.m.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND
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STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

CANTON-WUCHOW LINE.

s.s. Sainam, 588 tons and s.s. Nanning, 469 tons.
One of the above Steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Monday, Wednes-
day and Friday, at about 8 a.m., and the other leaves Wuchow for Canton on the
same days at 8.30 a.m. Round trips take about 5 days. Passengers can return to
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These vessels have superior Cabin accommodation and are lighted throughout by
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THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

Projected Sailings from Hongkong—

Destination.	Subject to Alteration Steamers.	Sailing Date
MARSEILLES AND LONDON, via Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez & Port Said	SKatori Maru Capt. B. Kon T. 20,000 SKamo Maru Capt. Shimidzu T. 16,000	{THURS., 2nd Dec. at noon. {THURS., 16th Dec. at noon.
VICTORIA, B.O. and SEATTLE via Shanghai, Mojji, Kobe, Yokohama, and Yokohama	SAki Maru Capt. Nona T. 12,500 STamba Maru Capt. Nagasawa T. 12,500	{TUES., 30th Nov. at noon. {TUES., 14th Dec. at noon.
SYDNEY & MEL- BOURNE, via Manila, Thura- day Island, Townsville and Brisbane	STango Maru Capt. Soyeda T. 13,500 SNikko Maru Capt. Takeda T. 9,600	{TUES., 14th Dec. at 4 p.m. {FRI., 14th Jan. at 4 p.m.
CALCUTTA via S'pore, Penang & Rangoon	Tosa Maru Capt. Takano T. 12,000	{SATURDAY, 4th Dec.
BOMBAY via Singa- pore, Malacca and Colombo		
SHANGHAI, Moji and Kobe	Penang Maru Capt. Murazumi T. 8,000	{TUESDAY, 7th Dec.
SHANGHAI, Kobe and Yokohama	Ceylon Maru Capt. Fujita T. 8,000	{TUESDAY, 7th Dec.
NAGASAKI, Kobe & Yokohama	SNikko Maru Capt. Takeda T. 9,600	{MON., 13th Dec. at 10 a.m.
SHANGHAI, Kobe and Yokohama	SMishima Maru Capt. Wada T. 16,000	{WED., 1st Dec. at 10 a.m.

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" " 2nd Single " 400. " " 2nd Single " 360.
" " 3rd Single " 300. " " 3rd Single " 250.

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" " 1st Return £37.10/-

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" 1st Return £72. " 1st Return £73.16/-

To Yokohama, 1st Return £150. To Kobe 1st Return £135.
" 2nd " 90. " 2nd " 83.

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SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

For	Steamers.	To Sail.
SHANGHAI.....	Sinkiang	2nd Dec. at 4 p.m.
HAIPHONG.....	Kailong	3rd Dec. at noon
MANILA, CEBU & ILOILO	Tean	7th Dec. at 4 p.m.

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MANILA LINE.—Twin Screw Steamers "Chichu," "Taming,"
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S.S. "Anhui," "Chenan," "Liangchow," "Luchow," "Ying-
chow," and "Sinkiang," with excellent accommodation, electric
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Northern China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai, avoid-
ing the inconvenience of transshipment at Woosung.

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Hongkong 30th November, 1915.

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The Popular Trans-Pacific Liner "CHINA" will leave Hong-
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Hongkong, 29th November, 1915.

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LIJN.

Regular Fortnight Service between

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Steamer	From	Expected on or about	Will leave on or about	For
Tjilawong	BATAVIA	28th Nov.	4th Dec.	SHANGHAI
Tjitarjem	JAVA & 30th Nov.	6th Dec.		JAPAN
Tjipanas	MANILA & 3rd Dec.			JAVA

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"The steamers are all fitted throughout with electric light and
have accommodation for a limited number of saloon-passengers.
All steamers carry a duly qualified surgeon. Cargo taken at
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Steamer.	Displacement Tons & Speed	Leave Hongkong
Tenyo Maru	22,000 - 21 knots	30th November.
Shinyo Maru*	(Cargo steamer)	10th December.
Nippon Maru*	11,000 - 18 knots	14th December.
Shinyo Maru	(Cargo steamer)	23rd December.
Kiyo Maru*	22,000 - 21 knots	28th December.
Persia Maru*	17,200 - 15 knots	8th January.
Chiyo Maru	9,000 - 17 knots	15th January.
Dairen Maru*	22,000 - 21 knots	25th January.
	8,000 - 14 knots	3rd March.

* Cargo only.

† Via Manila omitting Shanghai.

* Proceeding to South America Ports.

First Class to London.....£71.10. Return (6 months) £120.
First Class to New York.....£80. " " £96.10.
" " San Francisco £45. " " £63.

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Passengers may travel by Railway between ports of call in Japan free of
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SOUTH AMERICAN LINE.

Via JAPAN PORTS, SAN FRANCISCO, HONOLULU, HILO, LOS ANGELES
SALINA CRUZ, PANAMA, CALLEJO, JOQUET and VALPARAISO. THENCE
BY TRANS-ANDREAN ROUTE TO BUENOS AIRES, ETC.

Steamer	Tons & Speed	Leave Hongkong
Kiyo Maru	17,200 - 15 knots	8th January.

For Full Particulars as to Passage & Freight, apply to

K. DOI, Acting Agent.

Telephone No. 291

KING'S BUILDINGS.

THE EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN
STEAMSHIP CO., LIMITED.

MAIL SERVICE TO AUSTRALIA

VIA MANILA.

MAIL SCHEDULE

(SUBJECT TO MODIFICATION.)

Steamer.	Arrive Hongkong from Australia.	Leave Hongkong for Australia.
St. Albans		14th Dec. 11 a.m.
Empire	18th Dec.	3rd Jan. "
Eastern	7th Jan.	3rd Jan. "

The above Steamers are fitted with Refrigerating Machinery, ensur-
ing a plentiful supply of Ice, Fresh Provisions, etc., and are
lighted throughout with Electricity. All State-Rooms have Electric
Fans. A duly qualified Doctor and Stewardess are carried.

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Highest Class, Fastest and Most Luxurious Steamers on the
Coast, having splendid Accommodation for First-Class Passengers.
Electric Light. Excellent Cuisine.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY AND FOOCHOW RETURN

(Occupying 9 to 10 days.)

Steamships.	Captain	Leaving.
Halching	W. C. Passmore	TUES., 30th Nov. at 3 p.m.
Italian	J. S. Thomsen	FRI., 3rd Dec. at 3 p.m.
Halmon	A. H. Stewart	TUES., 7th Dec. at 3 p.m.

Steamers will arrive at and depart from the Co.'s Wharf near
Blake Pier.

For Freight and Passage, apply to

Douglas Lapraik & Co.,

General Managers.

Oysters, Fresh, Fried or Stewed

Winton, Haddock, Kippers &c.

ALEXANDRA CAPE.

LOG BOOK.

Clyde Output.
The output of mercantile ship-
building from the Clyde yards
during September amounted only
to two vessels of 5,800 tons. The
total for the nine months is 176,
000 tons, as compared with 385,
000 tons in the corresponding
month of last year.

The Provision of Watertight

Compartments.

The second report of the In-
terdepartmental Committee on Bulk-
heads and Watertight Compart-
ments in merchant ships has been
issued. In the first report, which
was dated November 3, 1914, the
committee dealt with the reference
as to what would constitute
efficient sub-division of foreign-
going passenger steamers and in
this their second, and concluding
report they deal with the other
five classes of vessels covered by
the reference, viz., passenger
steamers plying within the home
trade limits; passenger steamers
plying on short excursions along
the coast during daylight and in
fine weather between April 1 and
October 31; passenger steamers
plying within partially smooth-
water limits; passenger steamers
plying in smooth waters either in
estuaries and lakes or on rivers and
canals; and cargo steamers, either
foreign-going or home trade. Hav-
ing regard to the wide variations in
size of these vessels, and the large
number of different types includ-
ed, the committee say that these
recommendations are only capable
of a general application, which
must be borne in mind when
administering them. It will be
for the authorities to decide on
the modifications necessary in
special cases. Subject to these
reservations and to certain stated
exceptions and modifications, the
committee recommend that the
first report should apply to the
vessels of the above-mentioned
classes.

Dealing with cross-
Channel steamers whose principal
employment is the carriage of
passengers or passengers and
mails, as, for instance, those run-
ning between Holyhead and Dublin
or Kingstown, Dover and Calais,
Folkestone and Boulogne, New-
haven and Dieppe, Liverpool and
Isle of Man, the committee say
that they concur in the recom-
mendation of the committee of
1890-1 that such vessels, of what-
ever size, should be subdivided
throughout their length so that
they might float in moderate
weather with any two adjoining
compartments in free communica-
tion with the sea. Vessels of the
classes which ply on short ex-
cursions, and in partially smooth
or smooth water, are, for the most
part, exclusively devoted to the
carriage of passengers, and as a
rule no cargo below the bulkhead
deck is carried. In these cir-
cumstances it appears reasonable,
says the committee, to deal with
them in a similar manner, making
due allowance for the smaller
sizes encountered. The enforce-
ment of these rules will necessi-
tate the marking of the sub-
division load water-line on all such
vessels over 100 feet in length. In
cases where the authorities are
satisfied that watertight doors are
necessary they should be capable
of being closed from the bridge.
Doors between passenger spaces,
if necessary for the trade in which
the vessel is engaged, should be
of similar type. With regard to
cargo steamers, the committee,
while not desiring to hamper un-
necessarily the evolution of special
designs of ships under proper
control, consider that the im-
position of bulkheads which are spe-
cified by the rules of the Classi-
fication Societies, should be
strictly confined to special cases,
where such omission is unavoid-
able, having regard to the ser-
vice of the vessel. The committee
believe that the enforcement, on
passenger steamers of the stand-
ards of subdivision recom-
mended in their first report will
in itself tend to cause an improve-
ment in the sub-division of
cargo steamers, especially
those of the larger size, but apart
from this they are of opinion that
the question of the systematic
spacing of the bulk-heads in all
cargo steamers should receive the
careful consideration of ship-
owners and builders.

LOG BOOK.

Notice to Mariners.
Taku Bar—Winter Arrangements for Aids to Navigation.—Notice is given that on or about the 1st December 1915 the following winter arrangements will be made for Aids to Navigation making the Taku Bar and its approaches. The advertised floating Aids to Navigation will as usual be removed, their positions being marked by black Spar Buoys. The lighting of the River Mouth Leading Marks will be effected. The power of the Taku Bar Outer Leading Lights will be increased. The bulk Towing marking the wreck Guthrie will be removed, its position being marked by a black Spar Buoy. A Pole Beacon surmounted by a spherical day-mark, and painted black, has been erected on the wreck. This Beacon will be unlighted. Information concerning ice-breaking will be given in a future Notice.

The Mahidol Ashore.
The Bangkok Times of November 8 has the following:—The Mahidol, on her way down to Singapore, made her usual call at Telupin a few days ago and anchored there. The monsoon was blowing very strongly accompanied by heavy seas, and the anchors dragged, with the result that despite all efforts of the captain the vessel got ashore. The captain telegraphed for help, and the Yagala on her upward journey arrived opportunely and with her help the Mahidol was refloated yesterday having gone ashore on the 5th inst. The vessel was undamaged except where cargo boats were carried on to her sides by the heavy seas, and has proceeded on her journey to Singapore. She will probably dock on her return to Bangkok. As far as is known locally a certain amount of her cargo has had to be jettisoned, but there has not yet been time for particulars to reach the head office in Bangkok. Telupin has an unenviable reputation. It is an open coast, all sand, and there is a curiosity for voyagers in the shape of a vessel at rest in the coconut groves that begin where the sand leaves off. Several years ago this steamer was blown ashore in the monsoon, and could not be salvaged. Soon the encroaching sand covered her up and to-day there is little to be seen except the vessel's funnel amid the waving palms.

U. S. Shipping Increased.
More ships are now flying the American flag in the foreign trade than at any other time since 1863, and the United States is pressing close upon France and Norway as a maritime nation. For the year ended June 30, there were registered in the foreign trade 2,768 ships, totalling 1,813,775 gross tons, an increase of 363 ships and 737,625 tons for the year. This is about triple the increase in registered tonnage for any previous year in American history, and the registered tonnage is now much greater than at any time since 1863, when 2,026,114 gross tons in foreign trade flew the U. S. flag. The steam tonnage now amounts to 1,273,067 gross tons, while in 1863 it was but 133,215 tons. The increase from the Ship registry Act of August, 1914, to June 13, 1915, was so rapid that tonnage under the American flag now employed in foreign trade is nearly equal to such tonnage under the French or Norwegian flags. Returns filed with United States Bureau of Navigation, Department of Commerce, show that at the beginning of the current fiscal year, July 1, 1915, the shipyards of the United States had under construction or under contract 65 steel merchant vessels of 298,426 gross tons, the largest amount of work at the corresponding date since July 1, 1907, when 134 steel merchant vessels of 403,473 gross tons were under construction or under contract. The steel merchant tonnage now under construction on the seaboard, however, 60 vessels of 288,701 gross tons, is greater than in any previous year, the nearest approach being 63 vessels of 273,865 tons in July 1901. Of the vessels now building, 21 are bulk oil carriers of 154,056 gross tons, six colliers of 25,475 gross tons, and five passenger steamers of 17,000 tons; the remainder being cargo boats.

SHIPPING

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

(Projected Sailings from Hongkong.—(Subject to Alteration).)

For	Steamship	On
HAIPHONG	Taksang	Thur., 2nd Dec. at 8 a.m.
SHANGHAI, Kobe & Moji	Fooksang	Thur., 2nd Dec. at noon
SINGAPORE, Penang & Calcutta	Onsang	Thur., 2nd Dec. at 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI	Hopsang	Fri., 3rd Dec. at 11 a.m.
MANILA	Loongsang	Sat., 4th Dec. at 3 p.m.
HOIHOW & Haiphong	Loksang	Sun., 5th Dec. at 8 a.m.
TIENSIN via W. Wai	Cheongshing	Sun., 5th Dec. at 8 a.m.
SHANGHAI via Fookchow	Wingsang	Sun., 5th Dec. at 9 a.m.
TIENSIN	Choyshing	Tues., 7th Dec. at d'light
SANDAKAN	Hinsang	Wed., 8th Dec. at d'light
SINGAPORE, Penang & Calcutta	Lalsang	Thur., 9th Dec. at noon
MANILA	Yuenasang	Sat., 11th Dec. at 3 p.m.

Return Tours to Japan.

The steamers "Kutsang," "Namsang" and "Fooksang," leave about every 3 weeks for Shanghai and Japan, returning via Kobe (Inland Sea) and Moji to Hongkong. Time occupied 20 days. This service is supplemented by the "Yatsang" and "Kamsang" leaving Hongkong at regular intervals for Yokohama, Kobe and Moji and returning thence direct to Hongkong. Time occupied 16 days. These vessels have all modern improvements and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.

A duly qualified surgeon is also carried.
* Steamers have superior accommodation for First-class Passengers, and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.
† Taking Cargo on Through Bills of Lading to Yangtze Ports, Chefoo, Tientsin, Dairen, Weihaiwei.
‡ Taking cargo on Through Bills of Lading to Kudat, Lunan, Datu, Simporan, Tawau, Usukan, Jesselton and Labuan.

For Freight or Passage.

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THREE PATENT SLIPWAYS taking vessels, up to 3,000 tons displacement, providing conditions for painting ships with most efficient results.

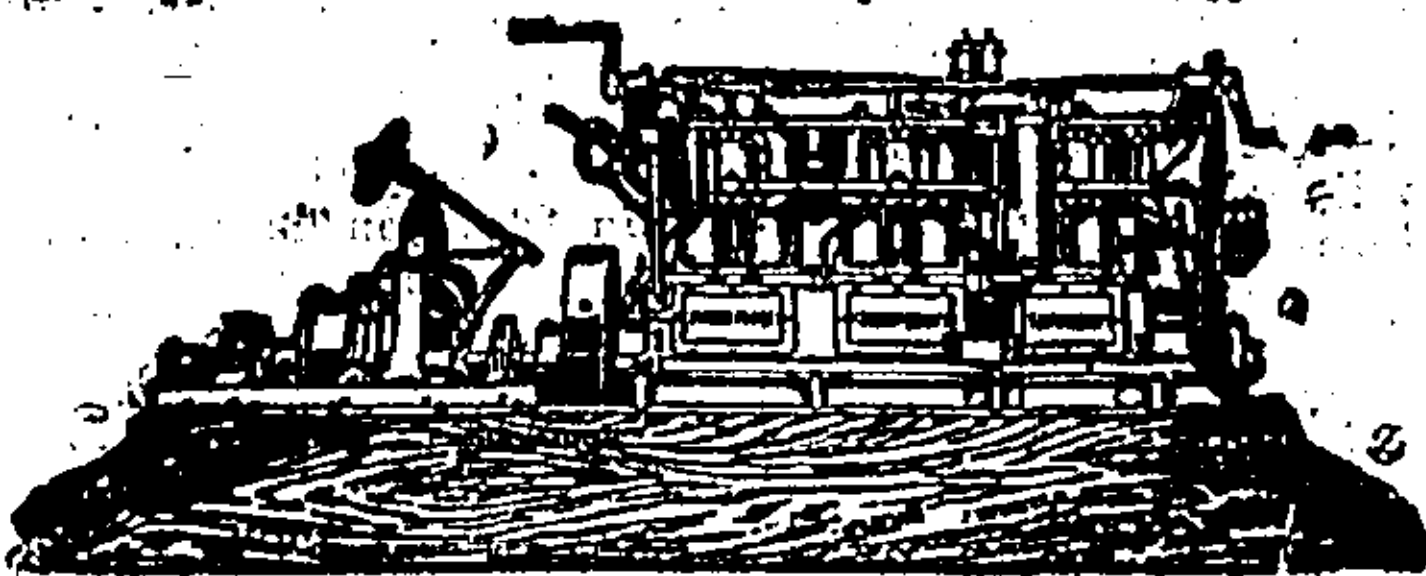
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EUROPEAN PORTS.

Destination.	Vessel's Name.	For Freight Apply To	To be Despatched.
London & M's, via S'pore etc.	Katori-M.	N. Y. K.	2, Dec.
London & Bombay	Sudinia	P. & O.	3, Dec.
London & M's, via S'pore etc.	Kamo M.	N. Y. K.	16, Dec.
London & Bombay	Namur	P. & O.	16, Dec.
London and Hull	Kloto	B. L. L.	18, Dec.
London & Marseilles via Ports	Kashima M.	N. Y. K.	30, Dec.

NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO AND CANADA

Vancouver and Seattle	Koon M.	J. M. Co.	E. of Nov
Boston & N. Y. via Suez Canal	Inverclyde	J. M. Co.	1, Dec.
Vancouver	E. of Japan	C. P. L.	1, Dec.
Vancouver	Monteagle	C. P. L.	8, Dec.
Vancouver & Seattle	Kaifuku M.	J. M. Co.	10, Dec.
San Francisco via M's & Japan etc.	Nippon M.	T. K. K.	14, Dec.
Victoria, B.C., & Seattle etc.	Tamba M.	N. Y. K.	14, Dec.
San Francisco via M's & Japan etc.	Shinyo M.	T. K. K.	23, Dec.
San Francisco & American Ports	Kiyo M.	T. K. K.	28, Dec.
San Francisco	Arakan	J.O.J. L.	8, Jan.
Victoria, B.C., & Seattle etc.	Sado M.	N. Y. K.	11, Jan.
San Francisco via S'hai & Japan etc.	Persia M.	T. K. K.	15, Jan.
San Francisco via S'hai & Japan etc.	Chiyo M.	T. K. K.	25, Jan.
San Francisco	Tjikondari	J.O.J. L.	9, Feb.
San Francisco via S'hai & Japan etc.	Dairen M.	T. K. K.	3, Mar.
San Francisco	Kaimoon	J.O.J. L.	9, Mar.
San Francisco	Tjikembang	J.O.J. L.	9, Apr.

AUSTRALIA.

Australian Ports via Manila	Taiyuan	A. O. L.	11, Dec.
Australian Ports via Manila	St Albans	G. L. Co.	14, Dec.
Sydney & Melbourne via Manila	Taigo M.	N. Y. K.	14, Dec.
Australian Ports via Manila	Empire	G. L. Co.	3, Jan.
Australian Ports via Manila	Eastern	G. L. Co.	3, Jan.
Sydney & Melbourne via Manila	Nikko M.	N. Y. K.	14, Jan.
Sydney & Melbourne via Manila	Hitochi M.	N. Y. K.	Feb.

SINGAPORE, COAST PORTS AND JAPAN.

Shanghai, Kobe and Moji	Fooksang	J. M. Co.	1, Dec.
Haiphong	B. & S.	B. & S.	1, Dec.
S'pore, Penang & Calcutta	Onsang	J. M. Co.	2, Dec.
Shanghai	Sinking	B. & S.	2, Dec.
Belawan Deli (Medan) via S'pore	V. S'bergen	J.O.J. L.	2, Dec.
Tientsin via Weihaiwei	Ching	J. M. Co.	3, Dec.
Swatow, Amoy & Fookchow	Haitan	D. L. Co.	3, Dec.
Shanghai	Hopsang	J. M. Co.	3, Dec.
Haiphong	Taksang	J. M. Co.	3, Dec.
Manila	Loongsang	J. M. Co.	4, Dec.
Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yama	Kashmir	P. & O.	4, Dec.
Shanghai	Tjikwang	J.O.J. L.	4, Dec.
Singapore, Bombay etc.	Rangoon M.	N. Y. K.	4, Dec.
Cebu via S'pore, Penang & Rangoon	Tosa M.	N. Y. K.	4, Dec.
Haiphong and Haiphong	Loksang	J. M. Co.	5, Dec.
Shanghai	Choyshing	J. M. Co.	5, Dec.
Japan	Tjikarom	J.O.J. L.	6, Dec.
Manila, Cebu and Iloilo	Tean	B. & S.	7, Dec.
Singapore, via Amoy & Swatow	S. Jacob	J.O.J. L.	7, Dec.
Swatow, Amoy & Fookchow	Haimun	D. L. Co.	7, Dec.
Singapore, Penang & Calcutta	Lalsang	J.M. Co.	9, Dec.
Sandakan	Hinsang	J.M. Co.	9, Dec.
Manila	Yuenasang	J. M. Co.	11, Dec.
Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama	Athos	M. M.	13, Dec.
Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama	Nikko M.	N. Y. K.	13, Dec.
S'hai, Moji, Kobe and Yokohama	Novara	P. & O.	18, Dec.
Singapore, Bombay etc.	Iyo M.	N. Y. K.	20, Dec.
Singapore & Bombay	Penang M.	N. Y. K.	3, Jan.
Mauritius and South African Ports	Salamis	B. L. L.	25, Jan.
Shanghai	Tjikodas	J.O.J. L.	Q. desp.

MOVEMENTS OF STEAMERS.

AMERICAN MAIL.

The T. K. K. s.s. ANYOMARU will sail from Hongkong on March 10, 1916.
The T. K. K. s.s. SHINYO MARU will sail from San Francisco on the 15th October at noon. This vessel will next leave Hongkong for San Francisco via usual ports of call on Tuesday the 28th Dec. at noon.

AUSTRALIAN MAIL.

The Australian Oriental Line s.s. TAI-YUAN left Port Darwin for Hongkong, via Philippine Ports, on the 23rd Nov., and may be expected to arrive on the 5th December.

MERCHANT STEAMERS.

The L. O. S. N. s.s. HINSANG from Sandakan is due at Hongkong on the 1st December.
The L. O. S. N. s.s. KUMSANG from Calcutta is due at Hongkong on the 5th December.

VESSELS IN PORT.

Steamers.	Arrived.	Departed.
Haitan, Br. s.s. 1,267, W. C. Passmore, 17th Nov.—Swatow, 16th Nov.		
Gen.—D. L. & Co.		
Kaifuku Maru, Jap. s.s. 614, Imadrum, 17th inst.—Hohow, 15th inst. Gen.—O.R.K.		
Kanel, Fr. s.s. 739, Morvan, 19th inst.—Hohow, 18th inst. Gen.—A. R. Marty.		
Kila, Nor. s.s. 410, Mollusca, 18th inst.—Saigon, 11th inst. Gen.—J. & Co.		
Hong Wan, Br. s.s. 2,030, G. Kinghorn, 18th inst.—Singapore, 15th inst. Gen.—Chinese.		
Namsang, Br. s.s. 1,463, G. H. Alook, 19th inst.—Sandakan, 18th inst. Gen.—J. M. & Co.		
Dairen Maru, Jap. s.s. 600, 19th inst.—Singapore, 16th inst. Gen.—S. & Co.		
Wallowa, Br. s.s. 1,889, B. Frithan, 23rd Nov.—Ocho, 18th inst. Gen.—M. H. Ray & Co.		
Yasappa Maru, Jap. s.s. 2,315, R. Nakagawa, 23rd Nov.—Moji, 18th Nov. Gen.—O.R.K.		
Albania, Br. s.s. 2,410, G. L. Smith, 26th inst.—Japan, 21st inst. Gen.—G. L. & Co.		
Quarta, Br. s.s. 1,067, Hooker, 25th inst.—Bangkok, 15th inst. Gen.—B. & S.		
Nippo Maru, Jap. s.s. 3,153, S. Zinto, 25th inst.—Moji, 19th inst. Gen.—B. K.		
Lobsang, Br. s.s. 991, D. W. Ritchie, 25th Nov.—Hohow, 24th Nov. Gen.—J. M. & Co.		
China, Am. s.s. 3,186, F. E. Fraser, 26th Nov.—Manila, 24th inst. Gen.—O. H. Bitter.		
Tenny Maru, Jap. s.s. 1,562, N. Takada, 26th Nov.—Wakamatsu, 20th Nov. Gen.—M.B.K.		
Derawongse, Br. s.s. 1,047, G. W. Shearer, 27th Nov.—Saigon, 20th Nov. Gen.—Chinese.		
Hue, Fr. s.s. 903, A. Cornelissen, 27th Nov.—Haiphong, 26th Nov. Gen.—A. R. Marty.		
Chahua, Br. s.s. 1,351, J. S. Salford, 28th Nov.—Philippine Is. 23rd Nov. Gen.—B. & S.		
St. Albans, Br. s.s. 2,538, E. T. F. Fisher, 28th Nov.—Manila, Gen.—G. L. & Co.		
Haiching, Br. s.s. 1,267, W. C. Passmore, 28th inst.—Swatow, 27th inst. Gen.—D. L. & Co.		
Chongshing, Br. s.s. 1,259, V. McLiddell, 28th inst.—Tientsin, 23rd inst. Gen.—J. M. & Co.		
Ryabo Maru, Jap. s.s. 1,738, R. Shimokawa, 28th inst.—Dairen, 21st inst. Gen.—M.B.K.		
Tjikwang, Dut. s.s. 3,061, A. Oldenburger, 28th inst.—Sourabaya, 15th inst. Gen.—G. L. & Co.		
Dairen Maru, Jap. s.s. 1,933, F. Fukui, 28th inst.—Milke, 23rd inst. Gen.—M.B.K.		
Chunyang, Br. s.s. 1,417, C. J. Matlock, 28th inst.—Java, 15th inst. Gen.—J. M. & Co.		
Niaghow, Br. s.s. 1,334, H. L. Allen, 28th inst.—Shanghai, 25th inst. Gen.—B. & S.		
Taiyang, Br. s.s. 270, R. A. Mathews, 28th inst.—Haiphong, 25th inst. Gen.—J. M. & Co.		
Hopang, Br. s.s. 1,133, G. A. Robertson, 29th inst.—Shanghai, 26th inst. Gen.—J. M. & Co.		

TO SAIL

"ELLERMAN" LINE.

(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.)

JAPAN, CHINA & STRAITS

TO UNITED KINGDOM AND CONTINENT.

For	Steamer	Sails.
LONDON & HULL	Kloto	18th December.

Subject to change without notice.

For rates of freight and further information apply to

THE BANK LINE, LTD.

General Agents.

or to REISS & Co. Canton.
Hongkong, 27th Oct. 1915.

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIP LINE.

The s.s. "EMPRESS OF JAPAN,"

will be despatched from Hongkong at noon on

Wednesday 1st December,

FOR VANCOUVER via USUAL PORTS OF CALL

For passage fares, freight rates etc., please apply to

D. W. CRADDOCK,
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Hongkong.

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIP LINE.

The s.s. "MONTEAGLE,"

will be despatched from Hongkong at noon on

Wednesday 8th December,

FOR VANCOUVER via USUAL PORTS OF CALL

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Regular Monthly Service-between

JAVA, MAKASSAR, MANILA, HONGKONG AND SAN FRANCISCO.

Sailing Subject to Change Without Notice.

Steamers	From	Expected	Will Leave	For
Arakan	JAVA	7th Jan., 1916	9th Jan., 1916	San Francisco.
Tjikondari	JAVA	7th Feb., "	9th Feb., "	do
Kaimoon	JAVA	7th Mar., "	9th Mar., "	do
Tjikembang	JAVA	7th Apr., "	9th Apr., "	do

"The steamers are all fitted throughout with electric light and have accommodation for a limited number of saloon passengers. All steamers carry a duly qualified surgeon. Cargo taken at through rates to all Common Overland Points in the United States of America and Canada."

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JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LYN.

Managing Agents.

Hongkong, York Building

FOR VANCOUVER & SEATTLE.

The s.s. "KAIFUKU MARU,"

about the 10th December.

For freight and particulars apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
Agents.

Hongkong, 19th Nov., 1915.

THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH.

EXTRA

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1915

WOUNDED IN FRANCE.

Interesting Letter from Hongkong Boy.

The following letter, from the son of a well known Hongkong resident has been received from "somewhere in France":—

Following my Field P. O. of the 18th inst., acquainting you with the fact that I was wounded, I must let you know that my wounds are not so serious. I went under X-rays yesterday and the doctor intends taking the pieces out himself to-morrow. There is not much pain, but my jaw is stiff and I have deafness in the right ear. It happened just before the last advance, and I and two other men went out to cut the wire to let the Company through. It was tricky work and had it not been for my smoke helmet I should have been *non est*. As it was, the "coal box" which did the damage blew my pale to pieces. It is a mercy how I missed it and I fill in my spare time now picking bits off myself. It is an interesting game too.

The nurses are absolutely top hole and the only question that worries us is whether we shall get to "Blightie" (England) or not. In fact it is the absorbing topic of each day. We (that is the Regiment) were at La To (near Arras) for three months, but when this great advance came off, we were shifted into the thick of it. We were in trenches just to the right of the Hohenzollern Redoubt, and to the left of Hellbach, and I tell you, dear, it was simply hell. No sooner had we got there than our Divisional General and his Staff Captain were killed. Then came the second great advance which is hardly mentioned in the papers, owing to the tremendous casualties and reverses we suffered. About the only people who took and held their trenches were the good old "Buff's." The bombardment previous to the advance was like a scene from Dante's Inferno and the earth simply rocked. It was only by an extreme effort of will that the bravest stuck it. Then came gas, fire bombs and everything inhuman. Out of the whole of our Regiment, about 1,000 strong, only 90 answered the roll-call, so I am darned lucky to be here. The Colonel fell; Captain Davidson, Major Firley, Major Soames, Captain Lord Toynton, Captain Brodie, all are dead; and we have one able-bodied officer to the Regiment, a Sub. There were 11 Sergeants in our Company who took part in the affair, and nine have been accounted for dead, one we cannot trace. I am the lucky one.

Well, dear, I am in Hospital at Etaples at the moment, eagerly awaiting my discharge, and the probable, but yet not improbable boat barge to Home. However, I will be out soon, and whether I come Home or simply go to a Convalescent Camp here, I'll wait for the blooming Kaiser the next time I get a chance. I am looking forward to getting back to the line, but I'd like to see you all first. Don't worry; I am still safe and sound, and you'll see my old lucky face pretty soon if I can work it.

HARBOUR OFFENCES.

Before Commander O. W. Beckwith, R.N., at the Marine Court this morning, Acting Police Sergeant George Dyke charged six boat-people with unlawfully causing an obstruction to the Southern Railway by lying at the extreme end of the Ping On Wharf on the 29th inst. Defendants were fined \$5 each.

P. C. Bagg charged Mr. K. Yau, boatmaster, with unlawfully making fast his boat to the S.S. Drifter whilst under way, without the permission of the master or officer in charge thereof on the 29th inst. The case was adjourned until Thursday, December 2, at 10.30 a.m.

THE FALSE BOTTOMED BARREL.

Opium Smuggler Still Fined.

At the Police Court, this morning, before Mr. Hazeland, the ingenious case of concealing opium, which we reported yesterday, was heard, a Chinese being charged with unlawfully having in his possession 98 tael of opium, valued at \$980.

The man pleaded that another man on board the S.S. Shun Lee gave him the barrel in which the opium was found; to bring ashore, and Mr. Hazeland sent the man to the ship in charge of constables to see if he could find him. The visit, however, was unproductive. The Chinese constable who made the arrest stated that at 1.20 p.m. yesterday he saw the defendant on a wharf going on board the S.S. Shun Lee, carrying a barrel. He asked the defendant what the barrel was for and defendant replied that he came from a Californian ship and used the bucket to hold water. Witness shook the bucket and found that it was quite heavy, and that it had a false bottom. Between the two bottoms he found a quantity of opium, about 98 tael.

Defendant asked the magistrate to dismiss the case, as he was an old man. He had been asked by a man to take the bucket on shore and sell it for \$300.

Mr. Hazeland imposed a fine of \$4,800, or four months' hard labour.

PROGRESS IN KOREA.

Interesting Annual Report.

We have received from the Consul General for Japan the Annual Report on reforms and progress in Korea, which has been compiled by the Government-General of Chosen. The book is well printed and contains a vast amount of interesting and useful information. Incidentally, it discloses the fact that Japan is very much alive and awake in her methods of colonizing, and that, in dealing with the Koreans, she has gone to work in an exceedingly common-sense manner. There is much in the Report concerning local administration, expenditure, educational and relief work, the administering of justice, finance, currency and banking, communications, trade in general, mining, forestry and sanitation, and the work is generously illustrated with most excellent photographs.

VOLUNTEER ORDERS.

Corps Orders issued to-day by Lieut-Col. A. Chapman, V. D. state:—

Parades. Parades for Wednesday, 1st December.

5.15 p.m. Signalling Section Signalling practice at Headquarters.

5.15 p.m. Recruits of Engineer Co.—Masonry and Bldg. exercises at Tsikoo Dockyard, under Sargt. Everett. Remainder nil.

Detail. Gun Club Hill, Kowloon:—

On duty until 7th December Scouts Company.

Officer on duty Lieut. Murphy, P. O. W. Camp, Kowloon:—

On duty to-night Eight Section M. G. Co.

Officer on duty Lieut. Kennett, On duty to-morrow night Scouts Company.

Officer on duty Lieut. Weall, On duty 2nd December Scouts Company.

Officer on duty Capt. Stewart, Orderly Sergeant until 7th December: Corpl. R. Duncan.

OUR LONDON LETTER.

(From Our Correspondent.) A New Front.

Friday, November 15.

At the moment everybody is talking about what is called the Balkan sensation. The outstanding fact is that Germany, having failed to secure a decision for her arms on either of the two existing main fronts, is now making a bid for victory in a new arena. Something over a quarter of a million Austro-German troops have been massed against the Serbian frontier, and under a secret treaty ratified before the war began, Bulgaria agrees to stab her heroic little neighbour in the back. This document has aroused a storm of anguish and indignation in the usual hysterical circles. There is no doubt that German diplomacy in the Balkans has succeeded far better than ours. But the methods of German diplomacy are far better adapted to the Balkan temperament than ours, and, ever since the Austrians were allowed to seize Bosnia and Herzegovina without a murmur, Germanic influence has been more or less supreme in the Levant. There is no word ugly enough for Bulgaria's action, and even Greece has not displayed a very Spartan spirit in this epoch. But the publication of Bulgaria's secret treaty with Germany, the disclosure of which is a very smart performance, may induce the modern Greeks to reconsider their "benevolent neutrality." Because Bulgaria's secret treaty provides, not only for the present assassination of Serbia, but for the subsequent mutilation of Greece, King Ferdinand, the amiable monarch whose ambitious desire to be Czar of the Balkans caused the second Balkan War, hopes now to regain what he lost then. All the indications are that he is much more likely to jeopardise his neck than to consolidate his dominions. For the time being the Serbians are hard pressed. But they have been stiffened with some excellent French guns and some sturdy British gunners. They have munitions and equipment. And the Germans are not likely to find winter campaigning in the Serbian mountains a much more exhilarating pastime than chivvying the Russians in the mud of Poland.

Probable Developments. The ablest military opinion is that this new move by Germany may well prove a fatal disaster for the Central Empires. Their great weakness is the danger of exhausting their military reserves and national energies that they will be unable to maintain the struggle. From this point of view, which is the sound one, if Lord Kitchener is correct in assuming that this is a war of exhaustion, every fresh enterprise on which the enemy embarks is a potential source of weakness. We may leave out of account the probability of Greece and Roumania being impelled by the mere sense of self preservation to link up their fortunes with the Allies. If that happens, it will be so much to the good. There are much more formidable developments to be faced by Germany. A French and British force has been landed at Salonica with the object of pushing on towards Nish. The Greeks have lodged a formal complaint against this breach of "their benevolent neutrality," but that is a pure formality. And what about the Russians? It is almost certain that a strong Russian force, probably under the Grand Duke Nicholas, will join up with us for the defence of Serbia. If French and British troops can march through Greece, it is possible for

Russian troops to march through Roumania. The Germans are likely to find, therefore, that it is a long, long way to Constantinople. In fact there are some military men who have long held a deep conviction that the first serious invasion of the Central Empire in this war will still be made through Serbia. Unless Germany's new move in the Balkans is quickly crowned with conclusive success, it is nothing less than military madness. It merely adds two hundred miles of new battle-front to their long-drawn lines.

Encouraging Omens. To any intelligent person the study of this unexpected war one thing is essential. It must be regarded, not from any particular point, but with a broad and comprehensive survey. And it is encouraging, as well as instructive, to take a survey of the hard facts of the whole position as they present themselves at this moment. On the Western Front the enemy is obviously in a very critical position. Their impregnable lines have been very severely dented by General Joffre's recent stroke. In that onslaught, which carried the British well on towards Lyons and passed the difficult stronghold at La Basse, and the French well forward with unimpeded distance of essential strategic points in Champagne, the Germans lost far more heavily than the Allies. In the counter-attacks, by which they are desperately but in vain endeavouring to recover their lost ground, they are piling up enormous casualties. This one operation has already cost them at least a quarter of a million men, besides valuable positions, and huge quantities of equipment and munitions. The French are still slowly forging ahead in Champagne, and our men, hanging on tenaciously at Loos, are moving down the German troops heavily concentrated against them. This wearing down process must tell in time. Any moment the Germans may experience a similar offensive thrust somewhere else. They are already confronted by the very serious possibilities to them of having to fall back in the West, or to concentrate forces there which cannot possibly be spared from other arenas. In the same way the enemy's offensive in the East has not only petered out, but the Russians are rather vigorously reasserting themselves at several points. There is no more talk of the Germans marching on Petrograd or Moscow. The Russians are forcing the fighting all the time in a most gallant and skilful manner. In the East, as in the West, the enemy's casualties keep piling up. If they have to beat a retreat there as well as in the West, and to yield the ground won at such a costly price, public opinion in Germany will begin to wonder whether the fresh adventure in the Balkans was quite such brilliant policy as it looked at first. An important consideration is the coming winter. Will there be another enforced period of inactivity, or will the campaigning be pushed on despite the winter rigours? If it should happen to be a hard winter, it is probable that the enemy will not be allowed to take another rest cure. Frozen ground is not much use for entrenching purposes, and would make for that open fighting which the Germans are no longer in "sufficient numerical strength to face with equanimity. Our home-cured pessimists really make a profound mistake in imagining that Germany has already won this war.

Lecture on Jiu Jitsu. Members of the European Y. M. C. A. are reminded that Mr. Teeki will deliver a lecture on Jiu-jitsu to-morrow night at 9 p.m. The lecture will be accompanied by demonstrations, for which purpose the assistance of a Japanese expert has been secured. Members may invite friends.

In Memory of Admiral Togo. The Chinese authorities are proposing to erect a bronze statue at the Garden Bridge in Shanghai in memory of Admiral Togo, says the Peking Daily News.

THE TRUMBULL CAR.

Useful Addition to the Dragon Cycle Co's Stock in Trade.

We are informed that the Dragon Cycle Company, of Des Vaux Road Central and Kowloon, has undertaken the agency for the new Trumbull motor car, Model 15 C, 1915. This is a very handsome car fitted with a well-built motor of the best material and of ample horsepower. Though of American origin it is quite European in style, and its wire wheels give it a smart and up-to-date appearance. The electric lighting equipment is thoroughly efficient and the seating accommodation roomy and comfortable.

The internal cooling surfaces of the motor are designed to give the maximum cooling by the thermosiphon system. All bearing surfaces are of the best metal obtainable, while the shafts are made of special drop forge steel and are perfectly ground. All parts needing oil are supplied by standard pump and splash system, which ensures long life and silent running.

The specifications of the car are as under:—

Motor.—Four cylinder, cast on block, four cycle 2½ inch bore, 4 inch stroke; Thermo siphon, water cooled, with improved type five tube radiator. "L" head; mechanically operated valves. Large valves and bearings. Crank Shaft—1¼ inch diameter; front bearing 2½ inch long; rear bearing 2½ inch long; connecting rod bearing 2 inch long; all die cast bearing metal. Cam Shaft—Drop forged with integral cams.

Horse power—14-18 at nominal speed.

Lubrication—Pump and splash. Pump delivers oil to all main bearings and timing gears. Crankcase is provided with reservoirs and oil pan into which the connecting rods dip.

Ignition—High tension magneto. Dust and water proof. No dry batteries required.

Carburetor—Modern type with hot air attachment; only one adjustment, float feed type.

Body—Roadster type, special stream line. Tufted upholstery, scissor seating. Large parcel compartment at rear with 200 lbs. capacity. Seating Capacity—Two persons side by side. All pedals within easy reach of the operator. Lamps—Electric front and rear, special arrangement for dimming controlled by switch from seat. Current supplied by storage battery.

The frame is pressed steel channel section. 3 by 1½ by 3-32 inch.

The speed is three to fifty miles per hour; weight 1050 lbs. Fuel consumption 9 inch road clearance; 35 miles per gallon of gasoline.

The windshield is of the Torpedo type, adjustable; with black enamel frame and nickel trimmings.

The clutch is leather faced with non-rattling brake. Transmission is of the selective sliding gear type; three speeds forward and reverse. The steering gear is of the rack and pinion type.

In all respects the car is admirable in its equipment, and one that can be unhesitatingly recommended.

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WAR ITEMS.

Sultan and the Armenian Massacres. Amsterdam, October 15.—According to the *Kölnische Zeitung*, the Sultan of Turkey has replied in favourable terms to the Pope's letter, in which he asks the Sultan's intervention to stop the Armenian massacres.

Terrible Souchez Battle. October 15.—The latest fighting in the regions of Loos and Souchez is described by the Germans as of a terrific nature. The courage and resources of the German troops attempting to stem the Allies' attacks are taxed to the utmost, for the artillery bombardment is violent almost beyond belief.

Movements of Aircraft. The Defence of the Realm Regulations Consolidated are amended by an Order in Council which is published in the *Gazette*. Regulation 18 is now made expressly to apply to aircraft, so that it becomes an offence to "collect, record, publish, or communicate" any information about airships or aeroplanes or about their movements.

British Gas Not Deadly. A soldier who took part in the great attack and was wounded describes the gas by the British of gas. He said: "You know all about the seventy hours' bombardment; it was terrific. Well, in the morning, very early, we gassed the Germans. It was not the filthy yellow deadly stuff they use, but something that blew across in a white cloud and temporarily suffocated them. They ran like rabbits."

Czar to Denounce Czar. Paris, October 15.—Russian intervention in the Balkans is generally considered imminent. It will probably be preceded, says the *Figaro*, by a manifesto issued to the Bulgarians by the Czar of Russia in his capacity as chief and protector of all Slavs. This manifesto will denounce the treason of the Czar Ferdinand of Bulgaria in making common cause with the Austro-Germans, who are Russia's enemies, and it will be immediately followed by definite action.

Lies About Masterlinck. Paris, October 5.—The *Figaro* publishes a letter addressed to it by M. Maurice Masterlinck, who vigorously protests against an article which appeared in the *Tagblatte Rundschau*. This article, under the heading "Conversion of Masterlinck," asserted that the great writer had declared that not only had the Germans not pillaged Belgium, but that they were taking care of it as of a valuable property that had been entrusted to them. M. Masterlinck says that this assertion is a mass of lies.

"Perfect Agreement." Paris, October 15.—Telegraphing under yesterday's date, the correspondent of the *Echo de Paris* says:—

"I can affirm that perfect agreement exists between Italy and the other Governments of the Quadruple Entente, and that in the resistance to the Austro-German offensive against Serbia each of the Allied Powers has its role mapped out. Everything conduces to the belief that the German offensive will break itself against the joint effort."

Berlin Admission Brought From the East. Berlin, October 15.—The report circulated by the English papers that a serious cholera epidemic has broken out in Kiel, and that the cases are of very serious character, is a great exaggeration. There can be no question of a cholera epidemic in Kiel at all. Actually there have been only three separate cases, which may be traced to being brought in from the Eastern theatre of the war, and which have occurred in one and the same family among the civil population. Steps have been taken for the complete isolation of the family concerned.

SANITARY BOARD.

The President's Reference to the late Mr. Hewett.

At the meeting of the Sanitary Board held this afternoon sympathetic reference was made to the death of the late Hon. Mr. E. A. Hewett.

Mr. W. D. Tratman, president of the Department, presided, those also present being the Hon. Mr. E. B. Hallifax (Secretary for Chinese Affairs), Mr. P. W. Goldring, Col. Orrip, R.A.M.C., Mr. Chan Kai-ming, Dr. F. Pearce (Medical Officer of Health), and Mr. W. Bowen-Bowlands (Secretary).

In opening the meeting, the President said:—Gentlemen, since our last meeting we have sustained a sudden and heavy loss on the passing away of our Senior Unofficial member. In him we have lost a steadfast counsellor, who never flinched in advising what he thought to be in the best interest of the Colony, and that advice spring from a well-considered knowledge of the Colony and its people. I think you will be unanimous in wishing that the minutes should bear record of our deep sorrow on the death of the Hon. Mr. Hewett, and our high appreciation of his work on this Board.

The other business before the Board was the receiving of a letter from the Government saying that the erection of an additional water closet at the Helena May Institute had been approved, and applications for permission to erect one water closet at 6, Chater Road, and 30 water closets at Nos. 18 to 36 Nathan Road, Kowloon, both of which were granted.

YACHTING.

Just as we are going to press we have received from the Hon. Secretary of the R.H.Y.C. a report of the second series of Championship Races. In the Handicap Class, Bona leads in points, to date; Daphne in the One Design class; and Lybeth in the Hayward Hays and Gael classes. The full details will appear to-morrow.

Exchange of Prisoners. Amsterdam, Oct. 14.—According to the *Veetische Zeitung*, the Bavarian States-General says that an understanding has been arrived at between Germany and Great Britain whereby subjects of both nations between 17 and 55 years old who are unfit for military service will be allowed to leave for their respective countries.

Branding Prisoners of War. Mr. Tennant has informed Sir H. Craik, M.P., that during the last two months five prisoners escaped from the camp at Dorchester, of whom four have been apprehended. The circumstances were investigated, and necessary action taken. The commandant, who was 61 years of age, has resigned. The regulations as regards dress are that uniforms to be worn until it is no longer wearable, when it is replaced by clothes which are of a distinctive cut. Steps are being taken to make these clothes even more distinctive.

LATEST SHIPPING NEWS.

MOVEMENT OF STEAMERS. ENGLISH MAIL.

The P. & O. S.S. *SARDINIA* left Shanghai for this Port on the 19th Nov., at 11 a.m. with the Homeward English Mail, and is due here on the 2nd December at about daylight.

The P. & O. S.S. *KASHMIR* left Singapore for this Port on the 20th Nov., at 10 a.m. with the outward English Mail, and is due here on the 5th Dec. at about daylight.

The P. & O. S.S. *TENYO MARU* sailed on the 30th Nov. noon. This steamer will next leave Hongkong on Tuesday, 15th February 1916 at noon.

PUBLIC AUCTION

GEO. P. LAMMERT.
AUCTIONEER, SHARE &
GENERAL BROKER

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction on
WEDNESDAY,
the 1st December, 1915, commencing at 12 o'clock (noon) at his Sales Rooms, Duddell Street.
(For account of the concerned)
The following

4 Parcels of First Grade Pearls.
Parcel A
lot 1-1 pearl carats 4 1/4 1-32
2-1 do " 3 1-6
3-1 do " 2 1/2
Parcel B
4-2 do " 6 1-16
5-1 do " 2 1/2 1-16
6-1 do " 2
Parcel C
7-1 do " 3 1/4 1-32
8-1 do " 2 1/4 1-32
9-1 do " 2 1/2 1-32
Parcel D
10-1 do " 4 1-16

On view from Monday the 29th inst.
Terms:—Cash on delivery.
GEO. P. LAMMERT.
Auctioneer.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction on
SATURDAY,
the 4th December, 1915, commencing at 11 a.m. at his Sales Rooms, Duddell Street.
A Large Quantity of Wines & Spirits

comprising:—
CHAMPAGNE—Pommery and Gleno, Louis, Roederer, Veuve Clicquot, Monopole and Heol.
COGNAC—Fochheimer, Zeltinger, Erdener Treppchen.
BURGUNDY & CLARET—Nath, Johnston's La Rose, Pomard, St. Julien, Sparkly & Burgundy, California Red Wines.
WHITE WINES—California, Haut, Sauterne, Sparkling Moselle.
WHISKY—Johnny Walker, Napier, Johnstone, Black and White, John Begg, Dewar and Cyrus Noble.

Also
36 cases English Invalid Stout (pints).
20 cases Welch's Grape Juice.
On view from Friday, the 3rd December, 1915.
Terms:—Cash on delivery.
GEO. P. LAMMERT.
Auctioneer.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

AUCTIONEERS

The undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
(For Account of the concerned),
on

WEDNESDAY,
the 1st December, 1915, at 2.30 p.m. at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Des Vaux Road.

A Large Quantity of Valuable Diamonds, Jewellery, Silver Ware, Ivory, Grass Cloth, &c., &c., &c.

much of which was originally intended for the Panama Exposition, as follows:—

Lady's and Gent's Half-marked Gold Watches, Gold Pendants, Rings, Brooches, Scarf Pins, Links, Jade Stone Ornaments, and 2 Sets Ivory Billiard Balls, &c., &c. A large assortment of Silver Goods, Amber and Jade Stone Beads, Grass Cloth Dresses, Blouses, Table Covers, Bed-spreads and Cushion Covers, &c., &c.

Also
A number of Gold Rings set with Precious Stones, "Diamond and Ruby," Diamond and Sapphire, etc., etc., and
Six large Solitaire Diamond Rings.

Terms:—Cash.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

NOTICE

MAN LOONG.

FIRST-CLASS PRESERVES, GINGER AND SOY MANUFACTURERS
Factory at Yuenmell

OFFICE: No. 35, Des Vaux Road, W. Telephone No. 177 & E. 12.

WE are the leading Manufacturers in this class of Goods. Our Fruit & Ginger are all fresh and of the first pick. Our Syrup is prepared from the best quality of Sugar. We give our special attention to our business and sanitary arrangements.

Don't forget: after the Show, Supper and Light Refreshments at **ALEXANDRA CAFE.**
Open till Midnight

ENTERTAINMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL.

TWO GRAND CONCERTS

BY
ALFRED MIROVITCH
THE CELEBRATED PIANIST

AND
MISCHAEI PIASTRO
WORLD FAMOUS VIOLINIST

SATURDAY DEC. 4th AND MONDAY DEC. 6th

Commencing at 9.20 p.m. Prices as usual.

Booking at MOUTRIES.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 30.

"THE MISTAKE OF HER LIFE,"

And

"THE WEB."

Two Thrilling Dramas.

Also

The Great Comedy

"WIFFLES AND THE MANICURE GIRL,"

And other Comedies and Interesting Pictures.

FRIDAY December 3.

The Great Production of the Present War

"THE SPY."

See this Marvellous Picture.

BIJOU THEATRE.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!

Exclusive Feature

in 4 parts:

"URSULA'S INHERITANCE."

Also

MISS GLORY TAFT.

NEW SONGS: NEW SONGS.

9.15 p.m. ORCHESTRA in attendance.

Under the Direction of Prof. Gonzales.

NOTICES.

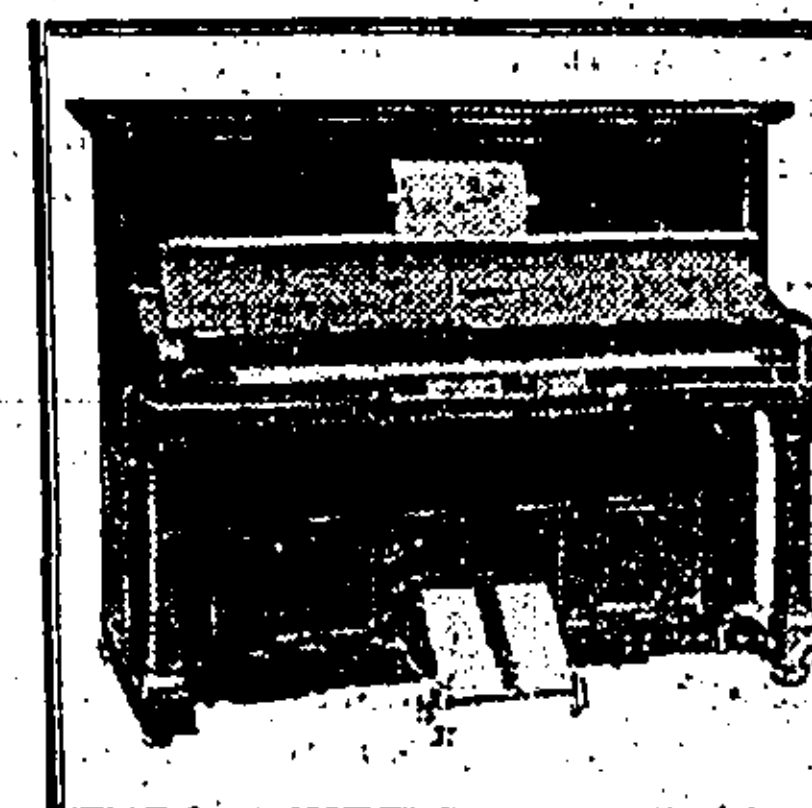
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PORTABLE ROWBOAT MOTORS

HAVE YOU ONE FOR YOUR YACHT DINGHY? WE GUARANTEE THEM.

ALEX. ROSS & Co., Phone 27.

THERE IS ONLY ONE AUTO PIANO



ALL METAL ACTION, NOTHING TO BE EATEN BY INSECTS OR TO GET OUT OF ORDER.

SOLE AGENTS:

ROBINSON

PIANO COMPANY.

OFFICIAL MARKET PRICES

Hongkong, March 12, 1915

BUTCHER MEAT

Beef Sirloin—Mei Lung Pa	lb.	19
Prime Cut—	lb.	21
Corned—Ham Ngau Yuk	lb.	19
Roast—Shin	lb.	19
Breast—Ngau Lam	lb.	17
Soup—Tong Yuk	lb.	15
Steak—Ngau Yuk Pa	lb.	20
do—Sirloin—Ngau Lau	lb.	30
Sausages—Ngau Ohung	lb.	24
Bollock's Brains—No	per set	10
Tongues, fresh—Ngau Li	each	60
corned—Ham Ngau Li	lb.	60
Head—Ngau Tau	lb.	\$1.00
Heart—Ngau Tau	lb.	14
Hump, Salt—Ngau Kin	lb.	20
Feet—Ngau Keuk	each	11
Tail—Ngau Mei	lb.	18
Liver—Ngau Kon	lb.	13
Tripe (undressed)—Ngau To	lb.	6
Calves' Head & Feet—Ngau tau-keuk	set	\$1.00
Mutton Chop—Young Pui Kwat	lb.	25
Leg—Young Pui	lb.	25
Shoulder—Young Shan	lb.	24
Saddle—	lb.	27
Pigs Chittlings—Chu Chong	lb.	27
Brains—Chu No	per set	24
Feet—Chu Keuk	lb.	13
Fry—Chu Chap	lb.	15
Head—Chu Tau	lb.	16
Heart—Chu Sam	each	11
Kidneys—Chu Yin	lb.	18
Liver—Chu Kon	lb.	28
Pork Chop—Chu Pui Kwat	lb.	24
Corned—Ham Chu Yuk	lb.	28
Leg—Chu Pui	lb.	20
Fat or Lard—Chu Yau	lb.	20
Sheep's Head and Feet—Young Tau Keuk	set	60
Heart—Young Sam	each	8
Kidneys—Young Yiu	lb.	12
Liver—Young Kon	lb.	26
Smoking Pigs, to order—Chu Tsai	lb.	22
Suet, Beef—Shang N' a Yau	lb.	20
Veal—Ngau Tsai Yuk	lb.	19
Sausages—Ngau Tsai Cheung	lb.	20
Lard—Chu Yau	lb.	20

POULTRY.

Chicken—Kai Tsai	lb.	35
Capons, Large, Small—Sin Kai	lb.	34
Pucks—Ap	lb.	32
Loaves—Pan Kau	lb.	18
Eggs, Hen—Kai Tan (cooking)	per doz	20
(fresh)—	per doz	36
Fowls, Canton—Kai	lb.	42
Hainan—Hoi Nam Kai	lb.	30
Geese—Nga	lb.	24
Pigeons, Canton—Pak Kap	each	28
Hoihow—Hoi How Pak Kap	lb.	25
Snipe—Sha Tani	each	22
Turkeys, Cock—Fo Kai Kung	lb.	60
Hen—Na	lb.	45
Pheasant—Shen Kai	lb.	75
Quail—Om Chun	lb.	25
Partridges—Che Ku	lb.	65

FISH.

Barbel—Ka Yu	lb.	16
Bream—Pin Yu	lb.	18
Canton Fresh Water Fish—Hoi Sin Yu	lb.	15
Carp—Li Yu	lb.	20
Catfish—Chik Yu	lb.	12
Codfish—Man Yu	lb.	14
Crabs—Hoi	lb.	28
Cuttle Fish—Muk Yu	lb.	18
Dab—Sha Mang Yu	lb.	12
Dace—Wong Mei Lap	lb.	13
Dog Fish—Trit To Sha	lb.	10
Eels, Conger—Hoi Man	lb.	13
Fresh water—Tam Sai Yu	lb.	18
Eels, Yellow—Wong Sin	lb.	32
Frogs—Tin Kai	lb.	33
Groupers—Shek Pan	lb.	40
Gudgeon—Pak Kap Yu	lb.	16
Herrings—Tao Pak	lb.	20
Halibut—Cheung Kwan Kap	lb.	20
Labrus—Wong Yu Yu	lb.	18
Loach—Wu Yu	lb.	26
Lobsters—Lung Ha	lb.	28
Mackerel—Chi Yu	lb.	20
Monk Fish—Mong Yu	lb.	32
Mullet—Chai Yu	lb.	18
Oysters—Shang Ho	lb.	22
Parrot Fish—Kai Kung Yu	lb.	12
Pearl—Tan Lo	lb.	18
Pike—Fa Pan Fong	lb.	16
Plaice—Pan Yu	lb.	15
Pomfret, Black—Hoi, Chong	lb.	28
Pomfret, White—Pak, Chong	lb.	28
Prawns—Ming Ha	lb.	38
Roy—Pai Pa Sha	lb.	10
Rock Fish—Shak Kap Kung	lb.	15
Roach—Chan Yu	lb.	12
Salmon—Ma Yu	lb.	38
Shark—Sha Yu	lb.	7
Skate—Po Yu	lb.	8
Shrimps—Ha	lb.	25
Snapper—Lap Yu	lb.	28
Soles—Tat Sha Yu	lb.	26
Tench—Wan Yu	lb.	10
Turbot—Oho How Yu	lb.	18
Turtles, small, fresh water—Keuk Yu	lb.	60

FRUITS.

Almonds—Bang Yan	lb.	35
Apples (California)—Kam Shan Ping Kho	lb.	18
(Chesoo)—Tin Chai Ping Kho	lb.	18

肉食

Bananas, fragrant, Canton—San Shing Heung Chiu lb.	3
(brides), Macao—San Heung Chiu	3
Chestnuts, Chinese—Toong Lnt	1
Carambola—Young To	12
Coconuts—Ye Tse	30
Grapes—Po Tai Taz	8
Lemons, China—Ling Mung	10
America—Kam Shan Ling Mung	10
Lichees Dried—Lai Chi, small Srao	28
Fresh—	5
Oranges, (Canton)—Shan-shang Tim Ching	5
Sweet—	8
Pears, (American)—Kam San Shoot Lay	10
(Canton), Cooking—Sha Li	10
Peanuts—Fa Shang	10
Plantain—Tai Chio	14
Plums—Swatow, Hung Lai	14
Pumelo, Siam—Chim Lo Yan	14
Shanghai—Lo Kwat	15
Walnuts—Hop To	15
Green—Sang Hop Tao	15
Watermelon—(Am.)—Kom San Sai Kwa	15

VEGETABLES, &c.

Artichokes, Shanghai—Sheung-hoi Ah Chi	8
Chenck	8
Beans, (French), Macao—Oh Moon Pin Tau	8
(French) Shanghai—Sheung Hai Pin	8
Sprout—Ah Chio	10
Long—Tau Kok	10
Beet Root—Hung Chio Tau	8
Bitter Squash—Fa Kwa	8
Brinjals, Green—Ching Yuen Kwa	8
Red—Hung Ka	8
Cabbage, Chinese, (common)—Kai Tsai	10
Cabbage, Shanghai—Ye Tsai	14
Cane Shoots, bunch—Kau Shan	8
Carrots—Kam Shan	10
Celery, Chinese—Tong Kan Tsai	8
Chillies Dried—Kon Lap Chiu	26
Red—Hung Fa Chiu	10
Green—Ching Lap Chiu	10
Curry Stuff, English—Ka Li Chu Liu	10
Cucumbers—Ching Kwa	8
Garlic—Sun Tau	8
Ginger, young—Sun Tee Keung	8
old—Lo Keung	8
Horse Radish, Shanghai—Lik Kan	12
Indian Corn—Suk Mai	1
Latuce—Young Shang Tsai	1
Water Chestnuts—Ma Tai	1
Mandarin—Kwai Lam Ma Tai	1
Mushrooms, Fresh—Shang Chio Ko	35
Musk Melon, Amer.—Kam-san Hong Kwa	1
Okros	1
Onions Bombay—Young Chong Tau	8
Green—Shang Chong	8
Shanghai—Sheung-hoi Chong Tau	8
Parsley—Kun Tsai	8
Green Peas—Ching Tan	1
Potatoes, Sweet—Fan Shu	3
Shanghai—Sheung-hoi Shu Tas	3
Japan—Yut Pan Shu Tas	3
American—Fa Ki Shu Tas	3
Foodchow—Foc-chow Shu Tas	3
Pumpkin—Tong Kwa	3
Radish—Hung Lo Pak Tsai	3
Rhubarb (fresh)—Tai Wong	3
Sage—Tse So	3
Shallots—Kon Chong Tau	3
Spinach—Yin Tsai	3
Tomatoes—Tan Ke	3
Taro—Wu Tau	3
Turnips, Punt, (Long)—Lo Pak	3
English—Young Lo Pak	3
Vegetable Marrow—Chit wa	3
(American)—Kam-san Chit wa	3
Water Cress—Sai Young Tsai	3
Lily root—Lin Ngau	3
Yams—Ta Shu	3
English—Young Kan Choi	3
Tau	3

生口

Chicken—Kai Tsai	lb.	35
Capons, Large, Small—Sin Kai	lb.	34
Pucks—Ap	lb.	32
Loaves—Pan Kau	lb.	18
Eggs, Hen—Kai Tan (cooking)	per doz	20
(fresh)—	per doz	36
Fowls, Canton—Kai	lb.	42
Hainan—Hoi Nam Kai	lb.	30
Geese—Nga	lb.	24
Pigeons, Canton—Pak Kap	each	28
Hoihow—Hoi How Pak Kap	lb.	25
Snipe—Sha Tani	each	22
Turkeys, Cock—Fo Kai Kung	lb.	60
Hen—Na	lb.	45
Pheasant—Shen Kai	lb.	75
Quail—Om Chun	lb.	25
Partridges—Che Ku	lb.	65

海鮮

Barbel—Ka Yu	lb.	16
Bream—Pin Yu	lb.	18
Canton Fresh Water Fish—Hoi Sin Yu	lb.	15
Carp—Li Yu	lb.	20
Catfish—Chik Yu	lb.	12
Codfish—Man Yu	lb.	14
Crabs—Hoi	lb.	28
Cuttle Fish—Muk Yu	lb.	18
Dab—Sha Mang Yu	lb.	12
Dace—Wong Mei Lap	lb.	13
Dog Fish—Trit To Sha	lb.	10
Eels, Conger—Hoi Man	lb.	13
Fresh water—Tam Sai Yu	lb.	18
Eels, Yellow—Wong Sin	lb.	32
Frogs—Tin Kai	lb.	33
Groupers—Shek Pan	lb.	40
Gudgeon—Pak Kap Yu	lb.	16
Herrings—Tao Pak	lb.	20
Halibut—Cheung Kwan Kap	lb.	20
Labrus—Wong Yu Yu	lb.	18
Loach—Wu Yu	lb.	26
Lobsters—Lung Ha	lb.	28
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Shrimps—Ha	lb.	25
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Soles—Tat Sha Yu	lb.	26
Tench—Wan Yu	lb.	10
Turbot—Oho How Yu	lb.	18
Turtles, small, fresh water—Keuk Yu	lb.	60

菓子

Almonds—Bang Yan	lb.	35
Apples (California)—Kam Shan Ping Kho	lb.	18
(Chesoo)—Tin Chai Ping Kho	lb.	18

The above prices are in accordance with the Government list of maximum charges fixed by Proclamation as revised up to the 31st ult. The Proclamation also contained the following schedule of maximum retail prices:—

1. Flour:—	
(a) Highest Grade, per bag of 50 lbs.	\$4.50
per lb.	.10
(b) Second Grade, per bag of 50 lbs.	4.00
per lb.	.08
(c) Third Grade, per bag of 50 lbs.	3.50
per lb.	.07
2. Tinned Milk:—	
(a) Sweetened Condensed Milk, per 1 lb. tin	.35
(b) Unsweetened Condensed Milk, per 1 lb. tin	.25
(c) Sterilized Milk, per tin, (18 oz.)	.25
(d) Sterilized Milk, per 1 litre tin	.35

COMMERCIAL.

Manila Hemp Crop.
That the Philippine Islands will produce approximately 40,000 more bales of hemp (abaca) this year than they did in 1914, when 987,000 bales were produced, is the estimate of Fiber Export Salesby. Production estimates show a total of 1,030,000 bales, divided as follows: Albay, 230,000; Leyte, 260,000; Samar, 135,000; Camarines, 115,000; Samar and northern Mindanao, 95,000 each; south Mindanao, 40,000; all other provinces, 60,000. These figures include only new gradings up to December 31. It appears however, that prices are lower than usual, and despite the increased yield the crop will net some \$2,500,000 less than it ordinarily would.

Yunnan Copper Mines.
From time immemorial Yunnan has been known as a copper district. But owing to the primitive mining methods employed its yearly output is only 1,000,000 catties, supplying a small fraction of China's demand, the government mints using copper to the extent of ten million catties a year, the bulk of which is supplied by Japan. An engineer in the Department of Agriculture and Commerce has memorialised the authorities, according to Chinese Press reports, to work the mines with up-to-date machinery, submitting to their consideration at the same time an estimate for expenses necessary for the improvement.

The Opium Trade of Shanghai.
The total number of chests of certified opium which arrived at Shanghai during 1914 was 472 (295 Malwa and 177 Bengal), whereas in 1913 1,055 chests, divided into 888 Malwa and 167 Bengal, came to Shanghai. Only small quantities arrived at a time, and during the summer months (June to September) none came forward. During the year the provinces of Hupeh, Honan, Chekiang, and Fukien were added to the number of those from which opium is excluded, leaving only eight provinces, viz., Kiangsu, Kiangsi, Shensi, Kansu, Kweichow, Yunnan, Kwangtung, and Sinkiang into which the drug may still be imported. The re-exports to Hongkong amounted in all to 82 1/2 chests, compared with 2,759 1/2 in 1913, the reason for this reduction being alleged to be the fact that more favourable prices for the drug ruled in Shanghai during the year 1914. Only 46 chests were re-exported to treaty ports; of this amount, Kweichow took four, and the remaining 42 were absorbed by Swatow—a decrease of 181 chests on the returns of the preceding year. The total quantity released from bond for local consumption amounted to 3,881.25/2 chests, as against 8,984.28/2 chests for the preceding year, or a diminution of 5,083 3/2 chests. During the last five years opium held in stock at Shanghai at the end of each year was as follows:—

At the end of the year 644.2/2 chests of ticketed opium, which paid duty and like at the old rate of Tls. 30 and Tls. 80 respectively, remained in bond. The following note has been supplied by Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co. on the opium trade in Shanghai during 1914. "During the first two months of the year, there was a brisk demand and a large business was done at advancing rates, the highest figures touched being Tls. 6,830 per chest for Bengal and Tls. 6,675 to Tls. 6,800 for Malwa. In March, however, a reaction set in and deliveries fell off considerably, the market remaining quiet throughout the summer and prices receding by about Tls. 1,500. During the latter part of the year, the Chinese dealers having disposed of a large portion of their heavy holdings, and with improved deliveries, a better feeling prevailed, prices recovering their former level. Quotations on the 31st December were: Bengal, Tls. 6,830; Malwa, Tls. 6,675 to Tls. 6,825."

SHARE REPORT.

COMPARATIVE SHARE QUOTATIONS.

STOCK.	To-day's Closing Prices	Number of Shares	Par Value	Paid Up	1914. Highest	1914. Lowest	1915. Highest, 14th May. to now	1915. Lowest, 14th May. to now	Last Dividend and Date
Banks.									
H'kong & Shanghai Banking Corp.	\$810 a. £73 10/-	120,000	\$125	all	855 July.	700 Oct.	845 x div.	790 c. div.	{ £2 1/2 at 1/9 5/16 equal to \$24.21 for 1/2 year 30/6/15
Marine Insurances.									
Canton Insurance Office, Ltd.	425 b.	10,000	\$250	59	350 Dec.	305 Oct.	425	360	Final of \$4 a/c 1913. Interim of \$18 a/c 1914.
North China Ins. Co., Ltd.	175 n.	10,000	\$15	25	145 May	133 Jan.	175	160	Final of 12 1/2 p.c. making 25 p.c. for 1914
Union Ins. Society of Canton, Ltd.	4920 a.	12,400	\$250	100	847 1/2 April	700 Oct.	\$97 1/2	\$85 1/2	Final of \$20 and bonus of \$5 making \$55 for 1913 and Interim of \$30 for 1914
Yangtze Ins. Assoc. Ltd.	270 b.	12,000	\$100	60	270 April	192 1/2 Jan.	270	225	Final of \$15 mak. \$18 for 1913 & Int. of \$3 for 1914
Fire Insurances.									
China Fire Ins. Co., Ltd.	155 a.	20,000	\$100	20	160 July	140 Oct.	162	130	\$9 for 1913
H'kong Fire Ins. Co., Ltd.	420 a.	8,000	\$250	60	395 Feb.	368 April	420	385	\$27 for 1913
Shipping.									
Douglas Steamship Co., Ltd.	85 b.	20,000	\$50	all	36 Mar.	27 1/2 Nov.	91	45	\$4 1/2 for year ending 30.6.15
Hongkong, C. & M.S.S. Co., Ltd.	191 b.	80,000	\$15	all	29 1/4 Jan.	22 Dec.	23	19	Final of 40 cts. making 90 cts. for year ending 31.12.14
Indo-China Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.	150 a. { 60,000 £5 } all	60,000	\$5	all	79 Jan.	50 Sept.	159	96	8 p.c. on p. & 3 p.c. on d. m. for year 1914. Shares quoted ex 9 p.c. div. in Hong from 29.9.15, an interim div. of 5 p.c. on the combined shares paid in London 23.9.15
Shell T'port & Trading Co., Ltd.	85/- b.	3,797,610	£1	a	106/- Feb.	70/- Sept.	90/- x div.	82/- x div.	Final of 5/- (Coupon No 24) making 7/- for 1914
Star Ferry Company, Ltd.	37 b.	40,000	\$10	all	49 Mar.	40 Nov.	39	32	\$1.50 per share and bonus of 40 cents per share for year ending 30.4.15
Refineries.									
China S. Refining Co., Ltd.	123 a.	20,000	\$100	all	96 1/2 Feb.	70 Nov.	134	111	\$3 for 1912
Luzon S. Refining Co., Ltd.	37 1/2 a.	7,000	\$100	all	31 Jan.	17 Dec.	46	27 1/2	\$3 for 1897
Mining.									
Kailan Mining Admin'n.	30/-	1,000,000	£1	all	41/- Feb.	33/6 Dec.	33/6	39/-	Interim of 1/- account year ending 30.6.15 (Coupon No. 5.)
Raub Australian Gold Mining Co., Ltd.	3.60	200,000	£1	all	3.10 Jan.	1.90 Nov.	4	3 1/2	1/2 for 1909
Tronoh Mines Ltd.	29/-	160,000	£1	all	39/- Feb.	19/6 Nov.	32/6	28/-	1/- interim a/c 1915 paid 12.7.15
Ural Caspians	36/6 a.	796,066	£1	all	56/6	21/3	41	37/6	1/- interim 1916
Decks, Wharves and Godowns &c.									
H'kong & K.W. & G. Co., Ltd.	76 b.	60,000	\$50	all	89 Jan.	73 Nov.	81 1/2	68	\$3.50 for year 1914
H'kong & W'poo D. Co., Ltd.	86 b.	50,000	\$50	all	77 Jan.	53 Oct.	88 1/2	57	\$3 dividend for year 1914
Shai Dock & Eng. Co., Ltd.	60 1/2 b.	50,000	£1	all	60 July	50 Dec.	63 1/2	49 ex div.	Tls. 3 for year ending 30.4.15
Shai & H'kew W. Co., Ltd.	99 a.	30,000	£1	all	109 Jan.	82 1/2 Dec.	93 1/2	80	Tls. 5 for 1914
Lands, Hotels and Buildings.									
Anglo French Lands	194	13,000	£100	100	128 July	120 Dec.	94	94	Tls. 6 1/2 for year ending 29.2.14
H'kong Hotel Co., Ltd.	103 b.	20,000	\$50	50	128 July	120 Dec.	116	112	{ \$2.50 for half year ending 30.6.15
H'kong Land Investment Co.	105 a.	50,000	\$100	all	117 1/2 July	98 Nov.	111 x div.	108	\$3 1/2 for year ending 30.6.15
H'phreys Estate & F. Co., Ltd.	7 a.	150,000	\$10	all	9 1/4 Jan.	7 Nov.	7 1/2	6.10	45 cents for year 1914
K'loon Land & Building Co., Ltd.	40 b.	6,000	\$50	50	45 Jan.	4 Feb.	40	40	\$3 for 1914
Shanghai Lands	105 b.	75,000	£50	all	98 Dec.	69 Oct.	106	101	Dividend of 6 p.c. for 1 year ending 30.6.15
West Point Building Co., Ltd.	73 b.	12,500	\$50	all	73 June	66 Feb.	70	70	\$2 for half year ending 30.6.15
H'kong Central Estates	103 a.	10,000	\$100	all	103	103	100	100	\$4.09 for 7 months ending 31.12.14
Cotton Mills.									
Ewo Cotton S. & W. Co., Ltd.	170 a.	20,000	£50	all	138 July	125 May	180	152 1/2	Tls. 12 for year ending 31.10.14
Kung Yik	15 1/2 a.	75,000	£10	all	144 Jan.	11 Mar.	17	13 1/2	Tls. 1.20 for year ending 30.11.14
Laou Kung Mow	78 b.	8,000	£100	all	110 Feb.	70 May	89	80	Tls. 12 for 1913
Shanghai Cottons in Shai	190 a.	40,000	£50	all	135 Feb.	70 Nov.	105	90	{ Dividend of Tls. 7 1/2 for year ending 30.6.15
Miscellaneous.									
Yangtzepeeps	1.63 n.	175,000	£5	all	—	—	6 1/2	6 1/2	85 cents for 1914
China Borneo Company, Ltd.	10 1/4 b.	50,000	\$5	all	4.90 July	4 April	4 1/4	4 1/4	6 1/2 for year ending 28.2.06
China Light & Power Co., Ltd.	4.80 a.	50,000	\$1	all	9 Jan.	7 Nov.	10.10	8.00	70 cts. for 1914
Do. (Spec. shares)	—	50,000	\$1	all	9 Jan.	35 Aug.	34	31	\$1.25 for year ending 31.7.15
China Prov. L. & M. Co., Ltd.	9.80 a.	125,000	\$10	all	39 June	5 Dec.	11	6.70	50 cts. for 1914
Dairy Farm Company, Ltd.	30 b.	40,000	£7 1/2	6	6.90 Jan.	36 Nov.	45	39	\$2.00 per share for 1914
Green Island Cement Co., Ltd.	10.10 b.	400,000	\$10	all	49 Jan.	174 Dec.	190	184	Interim of \$2 account 1915
Hongkong Electric Co., Ltd.	44 1/4 a.	60,000	\$25	all	217 1/2 July	22 Apr.	48 1/2	25	Interim \$1 for year ending 30.6.15
Hongkong Ice Co., Ltd.	190 a.	60,000	\$10	all	25 June	7 Feb.	5.90	4.80	{ \$10 for 1914
Hongkong Rope Mfg. Co., Ltd.	34 1/2 a.	325,000	£5/-	all	13/- July	28 Dec.	42	36 1/2	Interim of Tls. 1 making Tls. 2 a/c 1913
Hongkong Tramway Co., Ltd.	5.30 a.	250,000	£10	all	64 1/2 Mar.	9 1/4 June	10	9	70 cts. on fully paid shares and 7 cts. on \$1 paid shares for year ending 30.4.15
Langkats	4.38 b.	25,000	\$10	all	10 1/2 Jan.	9 1/4 Dec.	10	9	80 cts.
Peak Tramway Co., Ltd. (Old)	8 1/2 b.	50,000	\$10	all	93 cts. Jan.	75 cts. Dec.	81	80	None
Do (New) 85 cts. b.	—	75,000	\$10	all	—	—	4	4	None
Philippines Ltd.	44 b.	12,000	\$10	all	—	—	5	5	\$1.50 for 1910
H. Price & Co., Ltd.	5 a.	13,200	\$50	all	—	—	30	20	None
Societe des Pulpes et Papiereries du Tonkin	420 a.	20,000	\$5	all	5.00 June	4 Nov.	3 1/2	3.00	25 cts. for year ending 31.5.15
Steam Laundry Co., Ltd.	31 a.	27,723	\$10	all	22 1/4 Feb.	17 Jan.	18	16	\$1.00, per share for year ending 31.12.14
Union Water-boat Co., Ltd.	31 1/2 a.	92,000	\$10	all	8 1/2 April	6.90 Dec.	6.90 x div.	6 1/2 x div.	60 cts. for 1914
Watson and Co., Ltd.	36 1/2 a.	21,000	\$7	all	9 1/2 Jan.	6 1/2 Dec.	7	6	50 cts. on new year shares, for year ending 30.6.14
William Powell, Limited.	86 1/4 b.	6,000	\$25	all	30 June	92 Dec.	29	29	\$1.50 for 1914
S. O. Morning Post	29 b.	6,000	\$25	all	30 June	92 Dec.	29	29	\$1.50 for 1914

LATEST RUBBER QUOTATIONS.

Anglo-Java Estates Ltd. Tls. 13 buyers.	Ayer Panas (Straits) \$6.90 buy-ers.	Kempas (Straits) \$4.40 buyers.	Sandycrofts (Straits) \$7.00 buyers.
Anglo-Dutch Tls. 6 buyers.	Balgownie (Straits) \$3 1/2 buy-ers.	Malaka Pindas (Straits) \$1.90 buyers.	Pajam (Straits) \$13.00 buyers.
Linggis 14/9 buyers 15/6 sellers.	Changkat Sordangs (Straits) \$7.00 buyers.	Malakoffs (Straits) \$3.70 buyers.	New Serendah \$2.45 buyers.
Nordenals 13/5 buyers 18/9 sellers.			

WRIGHT & HORNBY.

Share and General Brokers

6, Des Voeux Road Central, Tel. address, Rectitude.

CORRECTED TO NOON, NOV. 30, 1915.
ANY SUBSEQUENT ALTERATIONS WILL BE FOUND IN "UP TO THE MINUTE SHARE MARKET NEWS."
THE TELEGRAPH DOES NOT HOLD ITSELF RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE QUOTATIONS.

EXCHANGE.

Selling.	T/T Bombay	On Haiphong
T/T 1/11 1/4	Demand Bombay 145 1/2	 6 1/2 % prem.
Demand 1/11 5/16	T/T Calcutta	On Saigon
30 d/s 1/11 3/8	Demand Calcutta 145 1/2	 6 1/2 %
60 d/s 1/11 1/2	Demand Manila 90 1/2	On Bangkok
4 m/s 1/11 9/16	T/T San F'co & N.Y. 45 1/2	 7 1/2 %
T/T Shanghai	Demand New York 45 5/8	Buying.
Private 30 d/s sight	T/T Java	4 m/s. L/O
T/T Singapore	Demand Java 111 1/4	 2/-
T/T Japan	T/T Marks	4 m/s. D/P
T/T India	Demand Germany	 2/- 1/8
Demand India 145 1/2	T/T France	6 m/s. L/O
	Demand Paris 270	 3/- 1/4
		30 d/s. Sney & M.
		 2/- 1/4
		30 d/s. San F'co & N.Y.
		 47
		4 m/s. Marks
		 Nom.
		4 m/s. France
		 2.80 1/2
		6 m/s. France
		 2.85 1/2

Gold Leaf per oz. \$56.50	Chinese 20 cts. pieces
Sovereign \$10.40 nom.	 \$18 5/8
Bar Silver ready 27 3/16	Chinese 10
forward	 \$14 1/2
	Hongkong 20
	 \$10 3/8
	Hongkong 10
	 \$10 3/8

NOTICE

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BANKS	BANKS
INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION	HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION
HEAD OFFICE: 60, Wall Street, New York.	Paid-up Capital \$15,000,000
LONDON OFFICE: 36, Bishopsgate, E.C.	RESERVE FUNDS: Sterling \$1,500,000 at 21/-
BRANCHES:—	Silver \$18,000,000
BOMBAY, LONDON, CALCUTTA, MANILA, CANTON, PANAMA, CEBU, PEKING, COLON, SAN FRANCISCO, HANKOW, SHANGHAI, HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, KOBE, YOKOHAMA	Reserve Liability of Proprietors \$15,000,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP \$3,250,000	COURT OF DIRECTORS: Hon. Mr. D. Landale—Chairman, W. L. Patterson, Esq.—Deputy Chairman, S. H. Dodwell, Esq., G. T. M. Edkins, Esq., C. S. Gubbay, Esq., P. H. Holyoak, Esq., J. A. Plummer, Esq., Hon. Mr. E. Shellim, CHIEF MANAGER Hongkong—N. J. Stabb MANAGER Shanghai—A. G. Stephen, London Bankers—London County and Westminster Limited.
RESERVE FUNDS \$4,210,000	Hongkong—Interest Allowed, On Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.
(U.S. Gold) \$7,469,000	ON FIXED DEPOSITS: For 3 months, 2 1/2 per cent. per annum. For 6 months, 3 1/2 per cent. per annum. For 12 months, 4 per cent. per annum. N. J. STABB, Chief Manager
All kinds of FOREIGN & LOCAL BANKING BUSINESS transacted.	THE BUSINESS OF THE ABOVE Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received at rates to be ascertained on application.	INTEREST on deposits is allowed on the minimum monthly balances at 3 1/2 per cent. per annum.
N. S. MARSHALL, Manager.	Depositors may transfer at their option balances of \$100 or more to the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank to be placed on FIXED DEPOSIT at 4 per cent. per annum.
Hongkong, 1st July 1915	For the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, N. J. STABB, Chief Manager
THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED.	THE MERCHANTS BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.
Established 1880.	Head Office 15, Gracechurch Street, London.
Authorized Capital Yen 48,000,000	Authorized Capital £1,500,000
Paid-up Capital " " 30,000,000	Subscribed " " 1,125,000
Reserve Fund " " 20,000,000	Paid Up " " 562,500
Head Office.—YOKOHAMA.	Reserve Fund " " 500,000
Branches:—Amoy, Canton, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Kobe, Lyons, Shanghai, Singapore, Tientsin, Yokohama.	BANKERS: The Bank of England, The London Joint Stock Bank, Limited.
Agencies at:—Nagasaki, Peking, San Francisco, Seattle, Tientsin, Yokohama.	BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Colombo, Delhi, Madras, Penang, Rangoon, Shanghai, Singapore.
Interest Allowed on Current Account. Deposits received for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application.	HONGKONG BRANCH. Every description of Banking & Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances, and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application. C. CHAMPKIN, Acting Manager
EISHI ONO, Manager Hongkong, 21st October, 1915.	THE ALEXANDRA CAFE Cannot be beaten, if Equalled for Bread, Cakes, Confectionery, and meals with Wine & Liquory

